TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES BOARD MEETING

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Lone Star Room
Building 1
4000 Jackson Avenue
Austin, Texas

BOARD MEMBERS:

Johnny Walker, Chair
Laura Ryan, Vice Chair
Robert "Barney" Barnwell, III
Luanne Caraway
Blake Ingram
Raymond Palacios
Victor Rodriguez
Marvin Rush
Joseph Slovacek

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PROCEEDINGS

MR. WALKER: Good morning. My name is Johnny Walker and I'm pleased to welcome you here today to the meeting of the Board of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

I'm now calling the meeting for May 23, 2013 of the board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles to order. I want to note for the record that the public notice of this meeting, containing all items on the agenda, was filed with the Office of Secretary of State on May 14, 2013.

Before we begin today's meeting, please place all cell phones and communication devices in a silent mode.

And if you wish to address the board at today's meeting, please complete a speaker's card at the registration table. To comment on the agenda items, please complete a yellow card and identify the item on the agenda that you're going to want to speak about. If it is not an agenda item, we will take your comments during the public portion comment of this meeting.

At last month's meeting, Chairman Vandergriff announced that there would be new board appointments, and also that he would be resigning from the board and move on to the Transportation Commission. I can assure that it was not a demotion, he was promoted by the governor.

On May 1, Governor Perry appointed met to succeed Mr. Vandergriff as chairman of the Department of Motor Vehicles. The governor also appointed Joe Slovacek, who is to my right --

MR. BARNWELL: To your left.

MR. WALKER: Well, I was looking that way when I said that, I had my right hand over there.

(General laughter.)

MR. WALKER: He appointed Joe Slovacek as the board's new public representative to represent the general sector of the public in the State of Texas. And he appointed Ms. Luanne Caraway to my left -- I had to keep it consistent, Barney -- as the new tax assessor-collector member of the board, taking Cheryl Johnson's place, who was on here for a long time since the original board. Current members, Mr. Palacios and Mr. Barnwell were reappointed to their terms, so we have another six years to enjoy their presence.

These appointments have been confirmed by the Senate which was done this Monday in the legislative session over there, and they have fulfilled their requirements of training -- I think both of them went through training this Monday on Tuesday, and so they understand what we do and how we do and where all of the skeletons are hidden. They showed you all the closets,

1	correct, Luanne?
2	MS. CARAWAY: Not all of them.
3	MR. WALKER: More importantly, did they show
4	you where the safe is with all the cash?
5	(General laughter.)
6	MR. WALKER: Under state law, board chairs may
7	administer oaths to new members, and I'd like to at this
8	point ask both of these people to come forward and step
9	down on the front step so we can swear you in to this
10	office.
11	(Whereupon, Ms. Caraway and Mr. Slovacek were
12	sworn in as members of the Board of the Texas Department
13	of Motor Vehicles.)
14	(Applause; pause for photos.)
15	MR. WALKER: Now I'd like to do a roll call,
16	please. Say aye if you're here.
17	Board Member Barnwell?
18	MR. BARNWELL: Here.
19	MR. WALKER: Board Member Caraway?
20	MS. CARAWAY: Aye.
21	MR. WALKER: Board Member Ingram?
22	MR. INGRAM: Present.
23	MR. WALKER: Board Member Rodriguez?
24	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Present.
25	MR. WALKER: Marvin Rush is not here today.

1 And let the record reflect that I, Johnny Walker, am also here, so we do have a quorum. 2. MS. BREWSTER: And Mr. Slovacek? 3 4 MR. WALKER: He's not on my list. And Mr. Slovacek? 5 6 MR. SLOVACEK: I am here. 7 (General laughter.) MR. WALKER: Maybe I shouldn't read, maybe I 8 should do this off the cuff, I could probably do a better 9 job. 10 Let's go to the agenda here, and do we have any 11 further comments at this time? I have no cards so I guess 12 13 we can move on. 14 The first thing I would like to do is I'm going to skip around the agenda here because we have a 15 legislative session going on today, and we're down to the 16 17 final minutes with some crucial bills over there going on 18 that affect the agency, so I think we need to have Mr. Jeremiah Kuntz give us his report so that he can get back 19 20 over there and continue to work on our behalf to make sure that we're correctly defended and honored over there, 21 22 whatever you call it. 23 MR. KUNTZ: Good morning, board members. 24 Jeremiah Kuntz, director of Government and Strategic

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Communications.

What I've passed out to you today is our bill tracking list. It lists all of the bills and kind of where they are in the process that we are currently tracking. As you can see, there are quite a few that have been sent to the governor that will have a direct impact on us, so we're tracking those as they're going through. I'll leave that with you so that you have the opportunity to kind of look through it at your leisure.

What I really want to focus on, though, this morning is the three main bills that we have as part of the board's agenda. First is 1692 which was a bill that originally started in the House, House Bill 1692, and it originally was a bill that the dealers had filed. Through working with them, as well as the manufacturers, we were able to get part of our agenda on to that bill which had to do with transferring SOAH hearings for Lemon Law and warranty performance cases from SOAH back over to the agency.

That bill, as late as night, I believe, around 11:30 pass off the Senate local and uncontested calendar. The bills matched in both the House and Senate, and so at this point it will return to the House to be signed in the presence of the House and then sent to the governor. That one shouldn't have any issues, it should get to th governor's desk.

MR. INGRAM: You said it's now House Bill -- tell me again the number.

MR. KUNTZ: 1692, I believe, was the number.

MS. BREWSTER: It's House Bill 1692.

(General discussion regarding page numbers in document.)

MR. KUNTZ: So that bill is headed to the Governor's Office in short order.

The next two bills that we've got, the first one, House Bill 2202, was a bill that created a dedicated account for the Department of Motor Vehicles. It also transferred all of our administrative fees that we collect regarding our industries that we serve into that dedicated account to allow us to be a self-funded agency. It also allowed us to adjust the county tax assessor-collectors' compensation and the deputy compensations through a processing and handling fee which was a consolidation of all of the different processing and handling fees associated with registration renewal.

That bill also, about 11:45 last night, passed off the Senate floor on the local and uncontested calendar. Again, the House version and Senate version matched, there were no amendments in the Senate, and therefore, it will return to the House to be signed in the presence of the House and then sent to the governor.

There is no conference anticipated on that because the bills matched. So that one is well on its way as well.

2.

The last bill, which is the one that's right now sitting in the House's hands, it's House Bill 2741. That was a bill that was an omnibus bill for the agency, it had a lot of cleanup provisions for the agency to help improve our processes. That bill came out of the house with, I believe, five amendments on it. Those amendments were taken off in the Senate, passed out of committee, sent to the Senate floor, and there were two amendments added on the Senate floor.

Those two amendments were two stand-alone bills of Chairman Nichols, Senate Bills 1670 and 1671. Those two bills had not made it out of the calendars committee in the House, they weren't able to get to the floor for a vote. Senator Nichols added those on to our bill as a lifeboat, if you will, as a last effort to get those pieces of legislation passed, and then sent it back to the House. So the bill has passed both chambers and it has been sent back to the House.

At this point it is up to the House author,

Chairman Phillips, to concur or to send it to conference.

We are anticipating that that bill will be sent to

conference. The amendments that were added on in the

house, we're anticipating those will be debated. I don't

believe there's too much controversy over most of the amendments that were added in the House. The amendments that were added in the Senate right now seem to be the main sticking point that is going on right now and we're trying to work through all of those at this moment in time.

2.

MR. INGRAM: Can you give me just a brief outline of 1670 and 1671?

MR. KUNTZ: Those two bills, the first bill, 1670, took what we refer to as a weight tolerance permit fee and that is a fee that allows divisible loads to have a tolerance on their weight up to 84,000 gross. It allows them to get up to, I believe, it's a 5 percent tolerance. There's a base fee associated with that permit. The bill raised the base fee up to \$180, I believe. There was a \$90 increase on the county's portion which was currently \$50, so it raised it \$90, plus there's another base fee for the state of \$40 that brings the total to \$180.

The other fee schedule that's associated with that depends on the number of counties that are selected on the permit. Those fees were also increased in that schedule, and so it basically raises revenue for the counties to fund the county road system, mainly because of the damage that they're seeing out of the shale areas, the gas production. That was the main genesis of that bill.

MR. WALKER: You missed the big part, the \$5,000 fine.

MR. KUNTZ: We'll go into that, that's in the next one, in 1671.

So that's 1670, that's the first one.

The second bill is 1671. That bill mainly dealt with all of the various oversize/overweight permit penalties, so anybody that was running overweight, they didn't have a permit, they were in excess of their permit, it had a completely new rewrite of the penalty schedule for those vehicles. The main penalty that Chairman Walker is referring to was a single line item penalty for \$5,000 for failure to obtain a permit, regardless of the weight that you are over. So if you should have had a permit and you did not have one, there is an automatic \$5,000 penalty, and then there was a schedule based on the weight that the vehicle was over its allowable weight. And so that went up in a couple thousand pound increments, essentially, it was like 0 to 2,500, 2,500 to 5,000, 5,000 to 10,000, 10,000 to 20,000, I believe, 20,000 and up.

MR. WALKER: But the tolerances are not put on to that particular bill, are they not?

MR. KUNTZ: The tolerances?

MR. WALKER: The tolerances are not in there?

MR. KUNTZ: So there was a tolerance in statute

that basically said there is an intent to violate the law if a person loads or causes to be loaded a truck that is more than 15 percent over the allowable weight. That was an intent provision in the statute that existed on loading of a vehicle. That percent was lowered to 7 percent, basically taking the tolerance out, and that was something that could be used either by law enforcement or by the courts to show that somebody was intending to violate, it was an incidental overage.

2.

There was an additional 7 percent added in on the shipper side, and it was a new provision, that said if somebody is carrying a load that is in excess of 7 percent, there is an intent to violate, and that put a new intent, basically, on the person that's hauling, that's driving the truck as well. So by lowering, compressing that tolerance, it makes it more stringent, you're going to hit people at a lower tolerance for the weight.

MR. WALKER: May I ask you a question?
MR. KUNTZ: Yes, sir.

MR. WALKER: Have you relayed this message to the legislators over there with respect to these amendments is that who's going to get that ticket?

MR. KUNTZ: The way that the bill is laid out, there are two parties responsible in the bill. One is the actual driver, the person that's hauling. Statute refers

to somebody as a person that is carrying the load.

There's also some further language that discusses the concept of a corporation not being a person. So in the instance that I believe you're referring to, you may have a driver that works for a trucking company, ultimately the trucking company is going to be paying those fines.

2.

MR. WALKER: Why do you say that?

MR. KUNTZ: I believe the way that it's structured that there is some intent that's laid into the statute as it references a person. It's definitely referencing the driver, but there's also further language in that penalty that references a corporation. The reason that they've got language in there is there is a general penalty provision in Chapter 623 that actually calls for jail time, potential jail time, multiple subsequent violations. It goes on to clarify later in that same chapter that a corporation is not subject to jail time or confinement, so it's contemplating the concept that a corporation is a person in that penalty provision.

MR. WALKER: And that person would be the trucking company or the shipper?

MR. KUNTZ: It would be the trucking company.

MR. WALKER: So they're going to come put

Johnny Walker in jail if one my truck drivers goes out

here, picks up a load and it's going to be overweight?

MR. KUNTZ: That is in current law. In current law there is a provision dealing with jail time. It is not used, to my knowledge, but there is a provision in there that calls for potential jail time.

MR. WALKER: Well, we have Mr. Rodriguez over here and myself, we have law enforcement and I'm a trucker So let me just kind of explain to you because this is the message that needs to be relayed over to the legislators about this bill. We do not, absolutely we do not pay tickets that our truck drivers get. Okay? And the reason we don't do that as a trucking company is because we think if we told our drivers don't worry about it, we'll pay the ticket, that the consequential damage of that in the courtroom would be that Ms. Wilson over here would eat our lunch and say: Look, the guy pays the tickets, he condones this kind of action. So trucking companies don't pay those tickets.

Mr. Rodriguez's officers out here, if they were to write tickets, they don't write them to trucking companies, and it's never been written to a trucking company in my life, and I've been doing this for 35 years. The tickets are written in the name of the driver who is operating that vehicle, so he's the person who is breaking the law the way the law looks at it currently. And I think that's the way this new amendment is also looking at

it, from the bill that I personally read. And it changes over there in the legislature on an hourly basis while all this action is taking place.

But my thoughts on this are that when they put a \$5,000 fine on a truck driver who can't afford to buy new tires for his car, which would be a higher priority than paying a \$5,000 penalty, they're not going after the right people. I have no way, as a trucker, of knowing the weight when a customer sends send a truck over and pick up this machine, it goes from A to B, we don't carry a scale to lift stuff up. So they're really attacking the wrong people on this bill when you put \$5,000 fines. What they're trying to say is that the shippers are over here. So there needs to be some relay of message on the consequences of this bill.

MR. KUNTZ: So at the end of the bill there is an additional concept that is contemplated, and that is an additional \$5,000 penalty on the shippers themselves, so that is a new concept that is in the back of that amendment.

MR. WALKER: And I have seen that, but if it is the responsibility of the shipper to certify the bill, certify the weight, and how does a shipper certify weight in an oilfield location when a machine is coming off of a well site that's got drilling mud residue in it, anything

else. He doesn't know those certified weights, there is no scale at a drilling location or at most of these locations that these trucks go to, and I do it every day.

And it's my understanding also that the ticket is still not going to be issued to the responsible party in this particular deal, it's going to be the responsibility of the carrier to go back and tell the shipper that this has been changed, hey, now you're responsible, and you have to sue your shipper to go collect the consequential damages of this \$5,000. So what trucking company is going to go sue their customer to try to recoup this consequential damage?

Because Mr. Rodriguez's officers aren't going to get in their car and say: Oh, is this one of Mr. Barnwell's truckloads of pipe, let's go to Mr. Barnwell's office and write him a ticket because he should have told you that the pipe weighed 48,000 instead of 46,000. Is there consequential damage that says you're going to go and write that ticket to the shipper? The answer is no, and the bill says that you will certify those particular weights. I'm just telling you that this whole deal is kind of screwy.

MR. KUNTZ: So from the agency's perspective, as far as our role in all of this, it is somewhat limited.

I've been involved in the discussions that are going on in

the Capitol mainly because of its relationship to the bill that we were pursuing in 2741 and because these amendments were added onto that, I've been brought into the discussion. However, I have a very limited role in these discussions. These negotiations that are occurring are mainly occurring between the House and the Senate over differences on the view of how to write that amendment.

2.

MR. WALKER: But this has been attached onto our bill which drastically affects this agency on how we plan on running in the future with due respect on setting our fees on administering it. And so we've stuck a virus onto something that was viable that was a good thing over here — and we don't do any of this but somebody does, and we need to relay a message. I'm not sure I understand all the processes over there but I know that our bill has been amended by Nichols and our other bill was originally Nichols's bill. Is that correct?

MR. KUNTZ: Yes. There was a companion to this bill that Nichols was the author of. He is the sponsor of this bill as well, being that the two were companion bills.

So at this point the most that I'm able to really do is to watch and to pay attention and to report back where they are as far as the negotiations on the amendment and where they'll be coming out of conference.

There isn't a whole lot that I'm able to do to try and influence or make any kind of major headway, I guess, if you will, in this issue.

2.

MS. BREWSTER: Mr. Chairman, if I might.

Jeremiah has done an excellent job being involved in the discussions and providing information on behalf of the department. We have to walk a very fine line in not appearing to be for or against any legislation, and so to the extent that we are able to provide information, we are, and we're able to talk about what the impact would be. Another factor is that we speak when we're asked a question. To go in and tell the legislature what to do on a particular matter is strongly discouraged. So we will continue to work with them.

MR. SLOVACEK: Chairman, it sounds like there may be a concern on your part that they don't understand the impact of a fine like that and who they're actually intending to fine. Not hitting the truck owner, not hitting the truck driver, versus hitting the shipper.

MR. KUNTZ: My assessment is that Senator
Nichols is very well aware of who he is fining. He has a
very specific goal of what he is trying to accomplish in
the bill. He has stated pretty plainly that he is trying
to go after bad actors that are not obtaining permits that
should. That is his main objective, and he is willing to

1 go to whatever means he has to in order to try and curtail that activity out on the roadways. 2 MR. SLOVACEK: The ticket is issued to the 3 4 driver. 5 MR. KUNTZ: Yes, sir. 6 MR. SLOVACEK: They're the bad actors? 7 MR. KUNTZ: At this point, I don't believe that 8 he is trying to distinguish between the driver or the company or the shipper, he is trying to go after all 9 parties to make sure that all parties are watching this 10 with a close eye to ensure they're in compliance with the 11 12 laws. MS. WILSON: Mr. Chairman. 13 14 MR. WALKER: Yes, ma'am. MR. WILSON: I want to concur with what the 15 executive director, Ms. Brewster, said. 16 17 MR. WALKER: Do you have any other bills you 18 would like to review us on? MR. KUNTZ: Those are the main ones that I 19 wanted to make sure we covered. And Mr. Ingram, I think 20 that there is one other that is of interest that you had 21 22 asked a question about last time. It was the single 23 sticker bill that was moving its way through. Senate Bill 1350 did not make it to the House calendar, however, that 24

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bill was amended yesterday onto a House bill in the

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1 Senate. Senator West, who was the author of that bill, added that amendment onto, I believe, 2305 and that bill 2. has now been sent back to the House. 3 4 I'm not exactly sure what the House will do with that. My early radar was telling me that they are 5 6 probably going to go to conference on that bill, so what 7 the ultimate outcome of it ends up being, I'm not real sure, but I would anticipate that that bill will probably 8 go to conference because of that issue. 9 MR. INGRAM: Was the bill moving, it was doing 10 well? 11 It didn't really have anything to 12 MR. KUNTZ: do with that specific issue, it had to do, actually, with 13 14 inspections of vehicles that had a natural gas tank on 15 them, basically, natural gas propane vehicles. MR. INGRAM: I'm just want to make sure that 16 17 I'm on the same page. 18 MR. KUNTZ: We're watching that one as well, o I'll keep you informed as things develop on that bill as 19 20 well. MR. WALKER: How about the Auto Burglary and 21 22 Theft bill? 23 MR. KUNTZ: The Auto Burglary and Theft bills, 24 there were a couple of them, none of them made it out of

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committees. They are basically dead at this point, they

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never made it through any of the processes.

2.

MS. BREWSTER: Mr. Chairman.

Jeremiah, would you please talk about the capability of teleconferencing on meetings.

MR. KUNTZ: So there is a bill that was passed and sent to the governor -- I'd have to find the bill number on it here -- that will allow for greater flexibility in doing teleconferenced board meetings.

Previously under current law, there was a requirement that a quorum must be present in the location that the meeting was posted. That is now gone. That provision is now stating that in order to do a video teleconference, the presiding officer is the only person that needs to be present at the posted location for the board meeting.

This should provide a lot more greater flexibility to the board to be able to try and handle board meetings through video teleconference for emergency items or anything like that that potentially would come up.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Senate Bill 984.

MR. KUNTZ: Thank you.

The bill also contemplates that a quorum on the video teleconference must be maintained, so if you ever lose the video feed for an extended amount of time, the

1 meeting is over, it's adjourned automatically. So there is some burden to make sure your teleconference feed stays 2. live so that you actually have a quorum during the 3 4 meeting. MR. WALKER: Well, there were some original 5 6 words when I saw the original bill that there had to be a 7 quorum of the board at one location. Is that not correct still? 8 9 MR. KUNTZ: That's under current law, and the way that the bill changed current law was to say that the 10 presiding officer is the only party that is required to be 11 at the posted location. The quorum must be maintained on 12 the video teleconference; you must have a quorum of 13 14 members available. 15 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Just for clarity, that's the main change. One is a group of people representing a 16 quorum at a posted location. 17 18 MR. KUNTZ: Correct. MR. RODRIGUEZ: The posted location can change. 19 20 MR. KUNTZ: Yes, sir. And you can post the 21 location for wherever you want, just as long as the presiding officer is at that location. 22 23 MR. WALKER: So only the presiding officer has

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to be at the posted location?

MR. KUNTZ: Correct.

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1	MR. WALKER: Everybody else can be at remote
2	location somewhere.
3	MR. KUNTZ: A video teleconference location.
4	Yes, sir.
5	MR. WALKER: And it all has to be video
6	streamed. Correct?
7	MR. KUNTZ: Yes, sir.
8	MR. WALKER: And that has passed and that's
9	gone to the governor.
10	MR. KUNTZ: Yes, sir.
11	MR. WALKER: Any other questions on this?
12	(No response.)
13	MR. WALKER: Thank you very much. You can go
14	back and do what you do best.
15	MR. KUNTZ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
16	MR. WALKER: Head over to the Capitol and tell
17	everybody we said hi.
18	MR. KUNTZ: I'll do that.
19	MR. WALKER: Let's go to agenda item 1.C, and
20	since we've had a lot of turnover/change in board members
21	and chairmen, we're going to make some changes to the
22	committee assignments. And I don't know whether everybody
23	got a copy of this. Did all of you get a copy of the
24	board assignments?
25	MS. BREWSTER: Yes.

MR. WALKER: You should have in front of you a copy of our new board assignments. We have an Administrative Committee which I'm going to ask Victor Rodriguez to chair, and Laura Ryan will serve on that with him and Joe Slovacek.

The Finance and Audit Committee, Raymond

Palacios is going to chair that, he has been chairing that

for the past two years, I believe, and he will be

accompanied by Blake Ingram, Barney Barnwell, and Marvin

Rush.

The Projects and Operations Committee which I chaired in the past is now going to be chaired by Laura Ryan, with Blake Ingram, Luanne Caraway and Barney Barnwell serving on that committee also.

And then the Legislative Committee is going to be headed up by our brand new member, Mr. Joe Slovacek, with Victor Rodriguez, Luanne Caraway, and Raymond Palacios serving on that.

I would anticipate that our committees meet only when they need to meet, other than the Finance and Audit, I think that they probably ought to meet on a quarterly basis to review the financials of the agency. But the Projects and Operations, depending on what's going on with projects, how often. The Administrative, I think that they work with our executive director, and you know

how and what you've been doing along those lines, and just continue that work over there.

So with that, let's go on and move on to -- do you want to give us your comments now or do you want to hold back on that? Do you have a couple?

MS. BREWSTER: I do, I have a couple.

MR. WALKER: Okay.

2.

MS. BREWSTER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I just wanted to take a moment to recognize the newest member of the executive team, Eric Obermier is our chief information officer. He joined us about a month ago, and he comes to us from the Employee Retirement System, ERS. We're excited to have him onboard. Like I said, he's been on about a month, he's already hit the ground running, met with every division director, had a couple of IT division-wide meetings to set a vision, and strategy for moving forward. He's certainly got his hands full but I know he's up to the task and we're really excited to have him onboard.

The other thing that I would like to mention, I would like to recognize two members of the executive team, Linda Flores and Ginny Booton, for 20 years of state service.

(Applause.)

MS. BREWSTER: They're outstanding servants and

1 just appreciate the work that they do. We will later present them with their plaque and a token of appreciation 2 for 20 years of service. 3 4 Thank you. MR. WALKER: Probably not money, though, Linda. 5 6 (General laughter.) MS. BREWSTER: And that's all I have, sir. 7 8 Thank you. MR. WALKER: Okay. Let's move on up to the 9 consent agenda. Bill Harbeson. 10 MR. HARBESON: Good morning, Chairman Walker, 11 board members. My name is Bill Harbseon. I'm the 12 13 director of the Enforcement Division and of the Motor 14 Vehicle Division. I'm here today to present first the consent 15 There are twenty enforcement agreed orders. 16 17 These are cases where we've initiated disciplinary actions 18 against a licensee and subsequent to our initiating the case, a settlement was reached with the licensee and an 19 20 agreed order was executed. The enforcement notices of violation, or NOVs, these are minor violations, 21 22 essentially tickets or citations that are issued by our 23 investigators in the field when they come upon a violation

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There are five enforcement motions for

of the laws that awe enforce.

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dismissal. These are cases that were initiated and subsequent to the initiation, the case is being dismissed by staff for a number of reasons. One, we will sometimes find the entity is no longer licensed and it's just not a good investment of our resources to continue. In other cases we will have facts presented to us by the licensee where we determine that there actually has not been a violation.

Lemon Law settlements and dismissals, these are cases that are initiated under the Lemon Law that we administer, and this is where the parties have reached some sort of resolution of the case, short of going to the State Office of Administrative Hearings and continuing on the contested case proceeding.

And finally, there's one franchise dismissal case. This is where a manufacturer, dealer or dealer vs. dealer case has been started but subsequent to it being started, the parties have reached an agreement or decided not to proceed with the case.

So I'm asking for the board's approval of these consent agenda items today.

MR. BARNWELL: Could I ask you a question?

MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.

MR. BARNWELL: On number 14, Aaron Tucker, d/b/a Aarons Autos --

1	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Is that A.14, B.14?
2	MR. BARNWELL: It's on page 2.
3	MR. HARBESON: This would be A.14. Yes, sir.
4	MR. BARNWELL: So there's a \$4,500 penalty
5	there.
6	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.
7	MR. BARNWELL: Do we pursue collection, what
8	are the chances of collection? How does that work?
9	MR. HARBESON: We have a hundred percent on
10	these because these are actually where the party has
11	reached an agreement with us, they have submitted the
12	penalty to us, it's been deposited with the state to make
13	sure the check is good, and so they've come to the board
14	only after the money has actually been paid.
15	MR. BARNWELL: I see.
16	MR. HARBESON: So we're doing real well on
17	these.
18	MR. BARNWELL: That's good to know. I like
19	that.
20	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.
21	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Harbeson, just for clarity,
22	you have twenty cases under 2.A?
23	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.
24	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Fifty-two cases under 2.B?
25	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.

1 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Five cases under 2.C? MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir. 2 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Six cases under 2.D? 3 4 MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir. MR. RODRIGUEZ: And one case under 2.E? 5 6 MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir. 7 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Move we approve, Mr. Chairman. 8 MR. INGRAM: Second. MR. WALKER: We have a motion by Board Member 9 Victor Rodriguez, we have a second by Blake Ingram. 10 in favor signify by saying aye. 11 (A chorus of ayes.) 12 MR. WALKER: Let's move on to your next item, 13 14 Bill. MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir. Under the contested 15 case items, first of all, the staff is presenting to you 16 17 today two enforcement motions for disposition. These are 18 cases where we've initiated a case but the respondent, the licensee has not responded to us. We've removed the case 19 20 from the State Office of administrative Hearings and present it to you today in a package showing that we've 21 served the party, they've failed to answer, and there's a 22 23 recommended penalty on both these cases, and we're asking 24 for approval of those two orders.

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MR. RODRIGUEZ: So move, Mr. Chairman.

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1	MS. BREWSTER: Second.
2	MR. WALKER: We have a motion by Board Member
3	Rodriguez and a second by Barnwell. Any discussion?
4	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Just same question on these,
5	what's the collection rate on these?
6	MR. HARBESON: Well, we have initiated a new
7	procedure where after
8	MR. RODRIGUEZ: My point is these are
9	different, as opposed to the other ones with the agreed
10	upon settlements.
11	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir. These parties have
12	not paid us, and so we have now initiated a proceeding
13	post-order.
14	MR. RODRIGUEZ: That's the whole point. Thank
15	you.
16	MR. HARBESON: Yes, sir.
17	MR. WALKER: All in favor of the motion signify
18	by raising your right hand.
19	(A show of hands.)
20	MR. WALKER: The motion carries unanimously.
21	Next item.
22	MR. GLADNEY: Good morning. Mark Gladney,
23	Lemon Law Section manager.
24	The parties in the case I'm about to present, I
25	don't believe neither the complainant or the respondent

are present or wish to speak on this issue, Novosad v. Ford, 13-0034.

2.

In this particular case, the complainant filed a warranty repair case with defects related to the operation of his 2007 Ford 250 truck bought in 2006. The complainant first reported the same problems with engine operation in a previous cause number 10-0265. The board at that time ordered Ford to repair on April 14, 2011. The repairs consisted of new radiator hoses, they replaced the engine long block assembly, including the oil cooler, turbocharger and the exhaust gas re-circulation, that's what they replaced. The repairs were completed by Ford's dealer on May 27, 2011 with a two-year warranty.

This case we have at present addresses the same engine problems as noted in the first case: overheating and starting issues. The complainant filed his complaint on September 12 of 2012 prior to the end of the two-year warranty from the board's previous order which would have expired on May 27 of '13.

The hearing was held January 11 of this year.

The complainant produced evidence of the same engine

problems and expenses incurred as a consequence of the

issues. The vehicle was inspected by a Ford engineer at

the time of hearing and noted the overheated engine and

check engine warning. Upon close of the hearing, the ALJ

issued a PFD in favor of the complainant and recommended repair and reimbursement for customer-paid repair expenses, towing and rental expenses.

After review by staff, staff concurs with the PFD as it is consistent with the previous actions taken under Occupations Code 2301.204 and 2301.603, and recommends adoption of the PFD with the proposed order in your packet.

Now, I would also note in the proposed order in the packet, if you'll turn and take note of ordering paragraph number 1, about the fourth sentence down, it starts with the correct citation 43 Texas Admin Code, Section 215.208(8). That should read 43 Texas Admin Code, Section 215.208(e) as in Edward. Further, it says:

Therefore, the citations in 43 Texas Admin Code, Section 215.208(c) and (e) and conclusions of law 6 and 7 are rejected and replaced with 43 Texas Admin Code, Section 215.208(e). That should be corrected as well, it should be (e), and the (c) removed, and also, conclusion of law 6 is fine but 7 should be deleted from that.

So with those suggested changes, staff recommends the proposed order for approval.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Gladney, if I read this record correctly, it's a 2006 purchase?

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: 2012 complaint?

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. INGRAM: When we looked at those previously and then we ordered that the repair take place, and they did repair, but now it's back, basically.

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. INGRAM: And so we've gone through this a couple of times in the past, and either I've forgotten the answer or I never could get a good answer, we were talking about what happens now, because if we go ahead and adopt this order for relief, then they're going to replace it but now he is out -- the warranty was through May, yes, May 2013?

MR. GLADNEY: Uh-huh.

MR. INGRAM: So he's out of warranty, so if this engine -- and of course, he's got a really bad track record so far with this, this is engine number 2 or 3 or whatever it is -- what happens if this engine that we put in this time goes bad in September? I mean, do we have to ask that the manufacturer put a warranty on this replacement engine that we're talking about now?

MR. GLADNEY: Well, generally speaking, if the manufacturer is going to be ordered to replace, they're going to put a warranty on there, just like they did in this case, they put a two-year warranty on parts and

workmanship.

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Now, this is a discussion that we've had previously -- I believe, Board Member Rodriguez and Chairman Walker and I think that Board Member Rush brought this up -- the problem with 2301.204 is that there is no real deadline or time period associated with it like it is with Lemon Law. Lemon Law, there are specific statutory provisions that say if you file it after a specific period of time, you're not going to get Lemon Law relief. You may be able to get warranty relief but you're not going to be able to get Lemon Law relief.

In this particular instance, the legislature, for whatever reason, they decided we're not going to put that type of limitation on this. Now, as long as the defect or non-conformity is reported prior to the expiration of the original warranty period, then yes, this person could conceivably come back if that same problem crops up again after the expiration of the original warranty.

Now, it's not something that we see on a regular basis. I consulted with one of our case advisors who is an ASC certified technician who has been doing Lemon Law work for seventeen years, and he says this is about the second time he's ever seen this actually occur. So it's not something that really comes up that often.

I would also note that since the first case we 1 2 have intermittently been in contact with both parties with regard to the future disposition of the vehicle. Now, the 3 4 old saying about you can lead a horse to water, but we are continuing to talk to both parties and the ice is 5 6 beginning to thaw, so we're hoping that this vehicle may 7 somehow find its way out of the stream of commerce 8 eventually. 9 MR. WALKER: Mark, I have a question for you. This case has been before us -- these parties have been 10 before us before and we have granted relief. Do you know 11 what meeting that was we granted the last relief on this? 12 13 MR. GLADNEY: I have the date as April 14, 14 2011, that's when the order was signed, so I'm assuming it 15 was signed that same day. MR. WALKER: But it's been before this board 16 17 int the last five to six months, I believe. 18 MR. GLADNEY: Not to my knowledge. MS. BREWSTER: It hasn't since I've been here, 19 20 and I've been here eight months. MR. INGRAM: Time flies. 21 22 MR. WALKER: It does. I remember this case, 23 though, when it came before us. 24 So we granted some relief to this person before

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in the past. Correct?

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. WALKER: And now the car broke again and so we're granting relief again on the same deal, and he had to go back to Ford and ask -- or he went to a SOHA, I guess, judge to get relief?

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. INGRAM: And this is where I'm going with this is that he was under the warranty. Why did he have to go to SOAH and go through this process again? It's alarming.

MR. GLADNEY: All I can tell you is that the parties have had a rather colorful past -- which I don't know if I really want to get into specifically in a public meeting -- but they have been at loggerheads for quite some time which is why we've been working with them since the first case, off and on, to try to get the parties to come to a meeting of the minds, and we think they're getting to that particular point.

But this particular 6.0 liter engine had problems with it for quite some time. Ford discontinued the manufacture of this engine back in 2008 because there were just so many warranty repairs associated with it. I believe that there was some testimony in the first case that Ford's director of diesel engineering said that this 6.0 liter engine, while it only represented 15 percent of

1 Ford's engine production, resulted in about 80 percent of the warranty repairs. So they knew they had an issue with 2. it which is why they discontinued it. This is just one of 3 4 these few engines that's still kind of out there. individual is still using that truck and he's having the 5 6 same particular problems. 7 But it doesn't appear that the statute, as written at present, as it applies to him, that he could 8 come back again if this actually occurred again within 9 that warranty period if we repaired it again and they gave 10

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman, I don't know where the board is on this, but I'll go ahead and make a motion to deny the requested relief

him an additional warranty. We're hoping that's not going

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to be the case.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ WALKER: We have a motion by Board Member Rodriguez to deny.

I think what's being asked here, Member Rodriguez --

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Not approve.

MR. WALKER: -- is asking for our approval of the SOAH's decision to uphold that or to deny it. I guess you are saying you want to disapprove the allowance of the repairs?

MR. RODRIGUEZ: We have a request for us to

approve a proposal. I'm suggesting that we deny the request to approve, whether that means denial of relief or whatever. I'm moving to not approve your request today.

Is that more properly stated: move to not approve?

MR. WALKER: Not accept staff's recommendation to approve the SOAH's decision.

MR. GLADNEY: My only question on that, Board Member Rodriguez, is what our justification would be under Government Code 2001.058(e) in trying to deny this. There have been factual findings that have been made by SOAH, and I'm not entirely certain that we have the authority under the Government Code to necessarily -- what we would be doing is making modifications to adjudicative facts in the case.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: And we can disagree with them on one of three points. Right?

MR. GLADNEY: Yes.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: What are those three points?

MR. GLADNEY: The three points would be: the administrative judge did not properly apply or interpret the applicable law, agency rules, written policies or prior administrative decisions; two, that a prior administrative decision on which the administrative law judge relied is incorrect or should be changed; or three, that a technical error in the finding of facts should be

changed. I'm not entirely sure under that set of criterion we would be able to do what you're suggesting.

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MR. RODRIGUEZ: And again, I disagree with you.

I find basis in all three of them, and that would be my
reason and you have my motion. I don't know what the
board will do but that's my motion.

MR. INGRAM: It might be a moot point if there's not a second.

MR. BARNWELL: Just to take this a step further, just a quick question. If we don't approve it, what happens to Mr. Novosad's pickup truck?

MR. GLADNEY: I can only assume, I can't put words in his mouth, but if it were denied, I would assume that he would file a motion for rehearing.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: But this is not about his truck, this is about a reimbursement of costs that he's already borne to get his vehicle repaired.

MR. GLADNEY: In the first case he did experience reimbursement issues and he did get compensation for it, however, this is a brand new case for which he's encountered new expenses, and we do have precedent for doing this. In fact, this board has done that very thing in the last year, I believe the Vinita case, the DeLong case, the Hines case, and in the first Novosad case it was done. And I've gone back and I've

1 checked the records and at least as far back as 2002, TxDOT, and of course this agency as well, have provided 2. incidental expense relief in those three areas. 3 4 MR. SLOVACEK: Has the respondent agreed to these terms, Ford? 5 MR. GLADNEY: Pardon? 6 7 MR. SLOVACEK: Has Ford agreed to these terms? MR. GLADNEY: The respondent has been ordered 8 to do this, and certainly in all those cases they've been 9 ordered to do this, so there is past precedent for this 10 type of reimbursement. 11 Do they support his order or do MR. SLOVACEK: 12 they oppose it? 13 14 MR. GLADNEY: Pardon? 15 MR. SLOVACEK: Do they support it or oppose it? They would support what the 16 MR. GLADNEY: 17 recommendation is in this particular order. And again, I 18 might note that in the Novosad I case, the 2002 case Sharp v. Mazda where reimbursement was given in addition to 19 20 repairs, it was cited in that particular order. MR. WALKER: I just became confused because you 21 said they would support it. When you said they, I'm 22 23 assuming that you're talking with respect to Ford? 24 MR. WALKER: I'm not entirely sure of the

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question. What was it again?

1	MR. WALKER: He asked a question about whether
2	they were disputing it, you said that they would support
3	this motion here. I'm assuming that the word "they"
4	you're referring to Ford. Is that correct?
5	MR. GLADNEY: Support which motion?
6	MR. WALKER: To pay for the repair and the
7	towing of the Ford that we've got in question here, the
8	F-250, what year is it, 2007.
9	MR. HARBESON: Maybe I can help.
10	MR. WALKER: I got lost when he said they would
11	support it.
12	MR. HARBESON: Ford and Mr. Novosad were
13	provided a copy of SOAH's proposal, and there were no
14	exceptions filed by either side, so both parties knew that
15	a proposal from SOAH was coming to this board with these
16	proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.
17	MR. SLOVACEK: And my point is Ford does not
18	oppose our approval of this order as the respondent.
19	MR. GLADNEY: They did not file exceptions when
20	given a copy. Yes, sir.
21	MR. SLOVACEK: Correct. They may not like it
22	but they're not going to oppose it.
23	MR. GLADNEY: Right. And certainly if they had
24	any opposition to it, they know where we're at.
25	MR. SLOVACEK: At some point warranties do run

out, do they not? 1 Yes. At some point the warranty 2 MR. GLADNEY: is going to run out. 3 4 MR. SLOVACEK: How old is this truck? MR. GLADNEY: This truck is a 2007 bought in 5 2006. 6 7 MR. BARNWELL: I'd like to take exception to I know the Ford 6.0 liter and I don't think the 8 warranty will ever run out on that engine. 9 MR. WALKER: I don't think it will either. 10 MR. BARNWELL: That is a dog and everybody 11 knows it and it's just unfortunate, but that's the way it 12 13 is. 14 MR. WALKER: This is a replacement engine in this truck. Listen, let's go back to what's going on. 15 have a motion right now, we do not have a second, so if we 16 17 do not have a second, it's going to die for lack of a 18 second, so I need to know if anybody is going to second Mr. Rodriquez's motion. 19 20 (No response.) MR. WALKER: So the motion fails due to a lack 21 22 of a second. 23 MR. INGRAM: Mr. Chairman, I'll make a motion 24 that we approve the final order granting 2301.204 relief,

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with the modifications as suggested by Mark Gladney.

1 MR. WALKER: And I will second that motion. Do we have any discussion? 2 3 (No response.) 4 MR. WALKER: I have a question that I need to ask before we vote, and that is if you'll go over to the 5 6 conclusions and you mentioned about, Mark, on the last 7 page of the proposal. MR. GLADNEY: Yes. 8 9 MR. WALKER: It says that you want to change that 215.208(c) to (e), but in my book you have that 10 crossed through and it says (8). 11 MR. GLADNEY: Yes, it did say (8), and the 12 reason for that is that last July the board adopted 13 14 changes to the warranty repair rules, and this particular 15 complaint was filed after the adoption and effective date. MR. WALKER: So the (8) needs to change, I need 16 17 to delete the (8), and we are going to apply (e) as being 18 the correct application of the TAC? MR. GLADNEY: I want to double check that 19 20 Yes, 215.208 was adopted to be effective July 5 of again. 2012. This particular case was filed after that date. 21 22 MR. WALKER: So (e) is correct, (8) is not 23 correct? 24 MR. GLADNEY: Yes. It's the same statutory

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language, it's just there was a renumbering or

1	relettering.
2	MR. WALKER: And so Blake's motion here is to
3	accept the 2301.603 (a) and (b) and 43 TAC, 215.208(e).
4	Correct?
5	MR. GLADNEY: Yes.
6	MR. WALKER: We have a motion. Any other
7	discussion?
8	(No response.)
9	MR. WALKER: All in favor signify by raising
10	your right hand.
11	(A show of hands: Barnwell, Caraway, Ingram,
12	Slovacek and Walker.)
13	MR. WALKER: All opposed, same sign.
14	(A show of hands: Rodriguez.)
15	MR. WALKER: Let the record reflect that all
16	were in favor except for Mr. Rodriguez.
17	MR. WALKER: Let's move to the next item which
18	will be resolution item number 4, Resolutions for
19	Individual Consideration - Rules. Mr. Harbeson.
20	MR. HARBESON: Yes. Chairman Walker, I'm
21	pleased to have with me today Michelle Lingo, one of our
22	staff attorneys who actually did the writing of this rule,
23	to present to you today, so I'm going to ask Ms. Lingo if
24	she would explain the proposed rule, with your permission.

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MR. WALKER: Ms. Lingo, you have the floor.

MS. LINGO: Good morning. For board consideration as agenda item number 4 is the proposal of publication in the *Texas Register* of amendments proposed to Rule Section 215.158. The proposed amendments have been discussed with stakeholder associations and increase the number of preprinted tags allotted to each dealer, continue to allow the department to increase tags allotted to a particular dealership upon showing of good cause, and reflect the actual operation of the electronic data system.

If the board approves the proposal package today, staff anticipates the *Texas Register* publication will occur approximately June 7, followed by a 30-day comment period that will close on July 8, 2013. Staff will respond to any comments received and will prepare an adoption package for board consideration at an open meeting in the future.

Staff recommends that the board approve the publication of the proposed amendments in the *Texas*Register, and I'm happy to answer any questions that you might have on this item.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Move we approve, Mr. Chairman.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ WALKER: WE have a motion to accept the posting of the rule.

MR. INGRAM: Second.

MR. WALKER: We have a second by Mr. Ingram.

Any discussion?

(No response.)

MR. WALKER: If not, all in favor signify by raising your right hand.

(A show of hands.)

MR. WALKER: Motion carries unanimously.

Let's move on to our next item, let's do Mr. Elliston real quick. Randy, would you come up and give us a quick presentation?

MR. ELLISTON: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members. For the record, my name is Randy Elliston. I'm the director of the Vehicle Titles and Registration Division for the agency.

You have before you today a request from our specialty plate vendor, My Plates, for a redesign of the University of Nebraska license plate. This is not a new plate, it's just a redesign so will not increase our inventory of plates, it will just change their current plate. The primary difference in what they're asking for is the current plate says University of Nebraska in the legend which is at the bottom between the bolt holes, and now they're asking for it to say Huskers, as you can see behind me on that license plate.

The application presented in this packet has

1	been reviewed and certified complete. All legislative and
2	agency requirements have been met by the vendor, and
3	they're asking for your consideration this morning of this
4	redesign.
5	MR. INGRAM: Mr. Chairman, I move that we
6	approve the redesign of the University of Nebraska plate.
7	MR. WALKER: We have a motion to accept the
8	redesign.
9	MR. BARNWELL: Second.
10	MR. WALKER: I have a second by Mr. Barnwell.
11	Any discussion?
12	MR. RODRIGUEZ: This is redesign number one,
13	number two?
14	MR. ELLISTON: This plate was originally
15	launched in September of 2010, so this will be the first
16	redesign.
17	MR. RODRIGUEZ: The contract provides for
18	redesign?
19	MR. ELLISTON: Yes, sir.
20	MR. WALKER: Any further discussion?
21	(No response.)
22	MR. WALKER: All in favor signify by raising
23	your right hand.
24	(A show of hands: Barnwell, Caraway, Ingram,
25	Slovacek and Walker .)

MR. WALKER: All opposed.

(A show of hands: Rodriguez.)

MR. WALKER: Let the record reflect that the entire board voted for the redesign with the exception of Victor Rodriguez.

Let's go to Bill Lawler. Can I get you to give us the Internal Audit report on the cash handling today?

MR. LAWLER: Good morning, Chairman Walker, board members. For the record, my name is Bill Lawler, director of auditing for the Department of Motor Vehicles.

I have with me Trey Wood, our lead auditor in the Internal Audit Division.

To give you a high-level overview, in our fiscal year '13 audit plan we originally proposed doing an audit of the regional cash handling, as well as the central office cash handling. We subsequently combined these two projects into one report and are presenting those results for you today.

Our basic objectives of the audit, as you can see, were to determine: do sufficient controls exist in the safeguarding of the cash against fraud and misuse, is the cash being physically safeguarded, and are reconciliations being performed to compare cash collections to transaction activity, and is the revenue being properly classified. Inferred in these objectives

was to review the operations for the efficiency and economy of those to look for opportunities where we could improve the operations, and in that regard, we found a number of those.

Our overall conclusion was that there are sufficient controls in place. There were a number of opportunities that we were able to identify where we could either simplify operations or actually offload, potentially, some of these operations to the Comptroller's Office, as well as consolidate money-handling operations where it was being performed at multiple locations, as well as try to minimize the intake of certain funds that were no longer supposed to be taken in. So there were a number of smaller recommendations in those regards.

A high-level overview of the recommendations that we have in the report, including opportunities to strengthen controls. These included ensure cash-handling policies and procedures in light of version control number date and date that the policy went into effect, and note the approval by the appropriate level of management. This basically just related to keeping track of our policies and knowing when it was put into effect and ensuring that we had proper identification of those.

One of the things that we noted when we went out to the field offices, and in fact, we ended up

1 visiting all sixteen regional offices during the course of our work, and noted that a number of them had yet to 2. receive the DMV endorsement stamps for their deposits, and 3 4 so that was one of the recommendations that we brought forward as that process is completed. 5 6 MR. WALKER: Bill, I hate to interrupt your 7 report, but I read the entire report and you mentioned 8 there about the number of stamps, insufficient amounts, but you never specify what the sufficient amount is in 9 your report. 10

MR. LAWLER: Well, we believe, based upon the limited cost of those stamps, that for each individual processing payments, and that's dependent on each office.

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MR. WALKER: You might want to clarify that in the report because it just says that there's insufficient amount and the recommendation would be to provide more, but there's not a specific amount. And I assume the stamps cost two bucks apiece, or something like that, probably.

MR. LAWLER: That would probably not be too far off.

MR. WALKER: So the recommendation would be that all people who handle -- I'm confused how many people that is.

MR. LAWLER: Well, there are 180-odd in the

regional offices. Of those, I would say roughly about 160 1 to 170 are involved in the processing of payments. 2. MR. WALKER: Let me ask you another question 3 4 while I'm interrupting you, I guess. In my company we handle a lot of -- and when you say cash, I was confused a 5 6 little bit because you never specify between cash and 7 checks. 8 MR. LAWLER: For the purposes of this audit, we 9 identified cash as actual currency and negotiable instruments. Now, in some of the areas of the report we 10 did identify specifically the amounts that represented 11 currency, and especially in our recommendations regarding 12 possible safequarding of the delivery of the deposits. 13 14 MR. WALKER: And I was always questioning when 15 I read this report here is how much of this is dollar bills, five dollar bills, tens, hundreds, versus how much 16 17 of it is checks. MR. LAWLER: We identified at least four 18 offices that received over \$1 million in currency. 19 20 MR. WALKER: Green currency and coins. 21 MR. LAWLER: And coins, yes. MR. WALKER: And so we also have the other 22 23 portion of this -- well, the total handling was \$163 24 million, wasn't it?

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MR. LAWLER: Actually, '11 was the base year

that we used and I think we identified about \$115 million, but that is going up because that only included a partial year with Oversize/Overweight which is a considerable amount of money, so going forward from '12 on, the number is probably over \$150 million.

MR. WALKER: Okay. In your report, what I did not notice as a recommendation that I would question why is why wouldn't we be clearing those checks at the location when we receive them?

MR. LAWLER: Well, we did bring that up.

MR. WALKER: I don't see that anywhere in there.

MR. LAWLER: I believe we put in the recommendation to evaluate a check-clearing process. One of the problems that we get into in that regard is that a great number of the checks that we receive are for \$2 and \$5.45, and we get to a breakeven point where it may or may not pay for the service.

MR. WALKER: Well, wait a minute. We clear checks every day at our company and there is no cost for us to clear checks. We have a machine, just like the bank does, in our office today, stack all those checks in a tray, reads them all, clears every one of those checks immediately, puts the money into our account, and we throw the checks away thirty days later, and there's no cost to

do that today.

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MR. LAWLER: That's part of your bank service, but that would be an option for management to explore. We didn't identify that as a particular option in this review, but we did note that the cost of the insufficient fund checks were considerable, as well as the handling, the time and handling and the charges that we experienced, as well as sending out certified mail to try to recover \$2 bad checks.

MR. WALKER: I bet we can clear a hundred in less than fifteen minutes. We put them in that tray and that scanner reads it and we're finished. We don't go to the bank anymore at our company. And why wouldn't we do that?

MR. LAWLER: And I would hope that we'd be there as well, sir.

MR. BARNWELL: Well, the electronic deposit of a check -- which is the coming thing, it's a really neat idea, we do it every month -- is fine but that still doesn't clear the check.

MR. WALKER: No, they're cleared.

MR. BARNWELL: No, it doesn't. Because the bank that you're using is not Podunk Bank & Trust in Slippery Rock, Pennsylvania, and that check has to go through the Fed to get that Slippery Rock bank and then

you get credit. So you're getting provisional credit on
that check. It can still bounce, and we have that happen,
and when it does, it's hell to pay. We have to figure out
why a \$12 check is costing us \$30 to collect.

What are the collection fees on this?

MR. LAWLER: I believe it was \$25.

MR. WALKER: It's the maximum set by law.

MR. WALKER: It's the maximum set by law.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Are you done, because I've got

a series of questions but I wasn't sure whether you were going to present more on this or not.

MR. WALKER: I apologize.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: That's fine. I'm just wondering do you have any more on your overview you're going to present? I want to wait till you're done.

MR. INGRAM: Well, actually, Mr. Chairman, if I may. I mean, you've done a nice job and it's interesting that none of the management disagrees with you which is awesome, which is really what we like to see, but as opposed to going through it item by item by item -- which we, of course, all have it in the packets, and I know, Chairman, Board Member Rodriguez has some questions -- I think it would be better utilized if we just do specific questions.

MR. LAWLER: I'll go ahead and entertain those.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: So you're done?

1	MR. LAWLER: Yes, sir.
2	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Your fiscal year 2013 audit
3	plan, this is part of that. Right?
4	MR. LAWLER: Yes, sir.
5	MR. RODRIGUEZ: What percentage of your FY '13
6	audit plan is complete at this point?
7	MR. LAWLER: I would have to go back and get
8	those numbers for you, but I would probably put it in the
9	60 to 70 percent.
10	MR. RODRIGUEZ: And FY '14 plan draft is coming
11	up sometime pretty soon?
12	MR. LAWLER: We plan to have that before the
13	board probably for the September meeting.
14	MR. RODRIGUEZ: So right now you're about 50 to
15	60 percent on your FY '13?
16	MR. LAWLER: I would say at least 60 percent.
17	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Do you know the average receipt
18	to deposit time for negotiable instruments or cash?
19	MR. RODRIGUEZ: As far as from the time we
20	receive them to the
21	MR. RODRIGUEZ: time to deposit.
22	MR. WOOD: I don't know that we have an exact
23	number for that. That being said, the regional service
24	centers who collect those funds, they do a daily closeout
25	in the afternoon and then they make a deposit the next

morning, so based on that, less than twenty-four hours. 1 MR. RODRIGUEZ: So if a check hits our office 2. today, you're suggesting that it's in deposit tomorrow? 3 4 MR. LAWLER: Yes. MR. RODRIGUEZ: It doesn't sit around the 5 6 office anywhere? 7 MR. LAWLER: No. MR. WOOD: And the Comptroller requires that 8 they get those deposits in within three business days, but 9 based on the agency practice, we're doing it inside of 10 that already. 11 12 MR. RODRIGUEZ: But we don't know that, you 13 didn't determine that in this process. 14 MR. LAWLER: We observed the process for making 15 the deposits, as well as closing out, and so there were fairly tight controls on that and so we saw no exceptions 16 17 on that. 18 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Do you know the rate of nonsufficient funds checks or accounts closed checks, do you 19 20 what that rate is for us? MR. WOOD: Well, we've looked at the percent of 21 22 bad checks as it relates to the regional service centers, 23 because we were looking at establishing a check 24 verification service. One of the things that we noted was 25 that 37 percent of all the bad checks received by the

agency are related to the collections out in the regional service centers, however, as Bill indicated, because the dollar amount is so low, \$2 or \$5.45, the actual dollar value associated with those specific bad checks is less than one percent, which is part of the reason we wanted to recommend a check verification service, something that we could do on the front-end because that creates so much additional work for the Finance Division in terms of having to chase those downs, plus there additional cost that the agency has to spend to chase that money. So anything that we could do to eliminate that up front is something that we would like to see the agency do.

MR. BARNWELL: Quickly, what does a check verification service cost?

MR. WOOD: That would be basically where you could go in --

MR. BARNWELL: I understand what it is. What does it cost?

MR. LAWLER: I looked at one, it was running about twenty-five cents per check, and that's where when you get into the \$2 checks.

MR. BARNWELL: It starts to get in your pocket but it's \$2. I understand what you're doing, we deal with it all the time, is that at some point we're spending a lot more time and effort to collect the two bucks plus

1 whatever than it's worth to do it, and we could verify it and just go on about our business. I see what you're 2 saying. So twenty-five cents is what you've found so far. 3 4 How would you implement that, Bill? MR. LAWLER: Well, actually, that wouldn't be 5 6 up to me, that would be management to actually put that in 7 place. MR. BARNWELL: Yes, we'd have to recommend that 8 and then we'd have to get some people to bid on it, et 9 cetera. 10 MR. LAWLER: It would have to go through, 11 probably, the project process. And one of the 12 13 recommendations that we had was to move forward with the 14 credit card payment option in the regional offices as 15 going forward as a project. And that would hopefully cut down on a lot of the exposure we have on the small checks 16 17 and offer our customers another option. 18 MR. INGRAM: Nobody wants to write a \$2 check. MR. RODRIGUEZ: So I know that your answer was 19 20 37 percent of your insufficient or closed account checks are coming from the field offices. Right? 21 22 MR. LAWLER: Yes, sir. MR. RODRIGUEZ: But we don't know what the rate 23 24 of good checks and bad checks is right now?

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MR. LAWLER: No. We could go back and analyze

1 that to see exactly what the particular percentage of insufficient checks are. 2. MR. RODRIGUEZ: I notice you make a 3 4 recommendation about a courier service. We don't have any at any given place? 5 6 MR. LAWLER: No. MR. RODRIGUEZ: Employees are doing this? 7 8 MR. LAWLER: Yes. MR. WOOD: Yes, sir. And that was actually one 9 of the risks we noted because some of the employees have 10 to drive quite a bit of distance to make those deposits, 11 12 there's a risk to the employees themselves. And in fact, one of the observations we made was that there was an 13 14 actual break-in that occurred during the course of this 15 audit where an employee vehicle was broken into and the deposit was stolen. 16 17 MR. LAWLER: Actually, it was the change fund on the way back. 18 MR. WOOD: After they had made the deposit, 19 20 that's right. MR. RODRIGUEZ: And my last question is did 21 your audit spot check in any way, shape or form to verify 22 23 any particular activity to make sure that, for example, 24 John Doe wrote a check -- or a John Doe transaction which

would be first, the transaction of an activity, that that

check was credited to us?

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MR. LAWLER: We didn't trace any checks through the system. In this regard we were looking at the controls: were there multiple people handling the money, looking at were there opportunities for payments to be taken. We have to consider the possibility of fraud in all these engagements.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: So it's possible, then, for an employee to transact an activity without having to be required to balance out deposits.

MR. LAWLER: No, no. They're balanced every day.

MR. WOOD: One of the objectives that we had was objective three: are reconciliations being performed to compare those cash collection to the transaction activities. So that is what we went through, and we didn't verify the individual transactions, we verified, as Bill said, that the controls are in place and that they are doing those reconciliations.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: You're verified reconciliations but not transactions.

MR. WOOD: Right. And those reconciliations are being done both by the regional service centers, the employees there themselves, and then also the Finance Division does a reconciliation where they compare the

transaction detail to the deposits to ensure that we're getting all the cash collection.

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MR. INGRAM: So you have two people verifying the bulk transactions for that period.

MR. LAWLER: And then those are verified with the Finance Division prior to releasing the information to the Comptroller's system for release to the treasury so that the cash deposits match what we're showing in our revenue system so those jive.

MR. WALKER: One of your other recommendations was that we centralize a collection point and process the money there, and you've identified Wichita Falls, it says.

MR. LAWLER: That was management's option. One of the things that we noticed is that the regional offices are currently each handling the mail-in payments. Well, not all the regional offices can handle all the mail-in payments that they get. And first of all, you have sixteen different systems handling it sixteen different ways, but then you also have different workloads between the offices. And in fact, what's been occurring is management has been taking some of the load from some of the offices and mailing it to other offices in order to get it processed in a timely fashion. In this kind of operation there's economies of scale in centralizing that into one operation, you have one set of policies and

1 procedures for handling the mail coming in, you have a secure mail opening operation, and then you can handle it 2 all in one place. 3 4 One of the other risks that we noted in the fraud range was that you have one product that has two 5 6 different prices. The CCO by mail is actually a \$2 7 product, whereby if I come in and get it in person, it's \$5.45. And so one of the opportunities that we noted is 8 that an individual could come in and get me \$5.45 but as a 9 clerk I could enter that into the system as \$2, and it's 10 not much money but if you do enough of them, you could 11 skim that. 12 MR. BARNWELL: Kind of like a lockbox 13 operation? 14 15 MR. LAWLER: That would be close, a secure mail opening operation. 16 17 MR. BARNWELL: So secure mail. How many items is that a year? 18 MR. LAWLER: Actually, I don't have those 19 20 numbers in front of me. MR. BARNWELL: Oh, just grossly. 21 22 MR. LAWLER: I would say tens of thousands, at 23 least, maybe more. Probably tens of thousands per month, 24 I suspect.

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MR. BARNWELL: And how many registrations do we

1 have a month? 2. MR. LAWLER: Renewals? MR. WALKER: Two million a year. 3 4 MR. INGRAM: Is your recommendation -- well, not the Wichita Falls but the idea of consolidating, 5 6 that's just for CCOs, though. 7 MR. LAWLER: And that is the primary thing that's done by mail in the regional offices at this time. 8 9 MR. INGRAM: So just the certified copies. MR. LAWLER: Yes, sir. 10 MR. WALKER: It says here also in your report 11 that all of our offices should have an electronic safe. 12 How many do not? 13 14 MR. WOOD: We identified four that did not. MR. WALKER: So we have four locations where we 15 have no way of securing cash overnight? 16 17 MR. LAWLER: No. We have safes in there but 18 they're the older with the mechanical locks on them where you can't go in and change the combination readily, and so 19 20 when you have turnover in staff, you're vulnerable, and so that was one of the things that we noted that most of the 21 22 offices are fitted with the new electronic safes and it

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would probably benefit the others. I know one of the

offices, Houston in particular, had three smaller safes

but they couldn't fit all of their items, not only the

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cash deposit that was going out the next morning, but also the startup cash for the next morning, the cash drawers were actually being locked into a room rather than a safe because they didn't have sufficient enough room in the safes for those.

MR. SLOVACEK: Can you get away from cash altogether and just go debit card -- excuse me -- checks altogether and go with cash or debit card?

MR. LAWLER: That would be my ideal world.

MR. SLOVACEK: No checks.

MR. LAWLER: The irony of the situation is we're one of the few people still taking checks and not taking credit cards.

MR. SLOVACEK: How do you change that? You just need the chairman to agree?

(General laughter.)

MR. LAWLER: Well, actually, Ms. Brewster is, I believe, onboard with at least getting the credit card option in the offices, and that's the start.

MR. WOOD: I think part of the problem that we've had in the past is there hasn't really been a process in place to facilitate when you've got a project of this nature that cuts across multiple divisions, and you've obviously got VTR, you've got the IT Division, we've got Finance. We haven't really had a process that

1	can facilitate getting all those moving in one direction.
2	Now that we have the EPMO office, I think that will help.
3	MR. SLOVACEK: Look for a way to get rid of
4	checks and go credit card/cash.
5	MS. BREWSTER: Mr. Chairman, Member Slovacek,
6	we are already well underway, we are looking very closely
7	at that.
8	MR. SLOVACEK: Good. Problem solved.
9	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Do you know what the cost
10	exposure might be overall if you go to credit card, versus
11	your loss to NSF right now?
12	MS. BREWSTER: Member Rodriguez, I don't
13	currently have that information. Perhaps that's something
14	Audit can look at.
15	MR. LAWLER: Well, I think the idea, and what's
16	currently being envisioned in the rest of the agency, is
17	that the credit card fee would be passed on to the
18	customer, and so we would be whole at the time of payment,
19	and so we would, in effect, be offloading any risk
20	associated with the NSF payments.
21	MR. WALKER: Bill, does the agency have the
22	ability to take debit cards today?
23	MR. WOOD: Not in the regional service centers,
24	no.
25	MR. WALKER: I mean, there are huge number that

1 use debit cards today. Why wouldn't we be using debit cards? If I walked in with my debit card that I have in 2. my pocket right now, you wouldn't accept that as a 3 4 payment? There's no way for them to do that. 5 MR. WOOD: 6 MR. WALKER: Well, that's cash in your bank 7 without any handling. MR. BARNWELL: They wouldn't even accept cash 8 9 from you without two forms of ID, I'm telling you. MR. WALKER: But I can vote. 10 (General laughter.) 11 MR. WOOD: We spoke to several in the agency 12 13 14 to go home and I stopped by the grocery store as I was leaving, I walked out and the Girl Scouts were there and 15 they said, Would you like to buy some cookies? 16 17

about this and actually after a meeting one day I happened to go home and I stopped by the grocery store as I was leaving, I walked out and the Girl Scouts were there and they said, Would you like to buy some cookies? And I said, I don't have any cash with me. And they said, Well, that's okay, we take credit cards. She pulled out her smartphone with the little card reader and we swiped it, and I got my cookies and I got an electronic receipt. So I thought it was kind of crazy in this day and age that the Girl Scouts are doing it but we're not.

MR. WALKER: But we're moving in that direction.

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MS. BREWSTER: Yes, sir, we are.

And to speak to Member Rodriguez's question about passing the cost of credit card use along to the consumer, we are researching that right now very closely.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: I was going to ask you if legislation authorizes us, number one, to do credit card transactions, and two, to pass it on. I don't know the answer to that.

MR. LAWLER: I would believe that we do.

MR. SLOVACEK: You do on registration.

MS. CARAWAY: Well, the tax office does. We have that in the tax office and we can pass it on.

MR. ELLISTON: Mr. Chairman, if I may? Randy Elliston, director of Vehicle Titles and Registration.

We do have the authority to pass that on. We have been working on this issue for at least the last year or so to try to get the credit card operations in the regional offices. I think we're well on track with that now. Many of the recommendations that the auditors have made, as you saw, we agreed with them. A lot of them we've already been working on, the safes are already ordered, we're working on the credit card issues. All these things we've been working very diligently to get in place. We'd like to get rid of the checks.

After this legislative session, if everything goes the way we believe it is, we'll have a lot more

ability to work with these types of financial issues.

Charging \$2 for a CCO in one of our offices is something

we need to address, and all those kind of things. And so

we're poised here, very shortly, to be able to do a lot of

these things a lot quicker and better than we have been

able to in the past.

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MR. WALKER: Well, one of the recommendations of the Internal Audit also was that we put all of our fees into a whole number and get rid of nickels, dimes and quarters, and how hard would that be to do that?

MR. ELLISTON: And that's what I was speaking of. Once we get through this legislative session, we believe we're going to have the legislative authority, if everything passes and is signed -- there's a lot of ifs right now -- but if, if, then we're going to be in good shape that the board will have authority to do those things which will make operations a lot more efficient and effective, all that kind of stuff.

MS. BREWSTER: The board would have the ability to set those fees.

MR. ELLISTON: To set those fees, change those fees, and things like that. So taking nickels and dimes is ridiculous in today's world.

MR. WALKER: Let me ask you this. The bill proposal that's over there right now allows us to set

1 fees, it's not going to allow us to set registrations. Okay? 2 MS. BREWSTER: That's correct. 3 4 MR. WALKER: So registration fees are set by statute, and those still are not in whole numbers on 5 those. Is that not correct? 6 7 MR. ELLISTON: Correct. MR. WALKER: So how would we fix that problem? 8 9 MR. LAWLER: Those are taken by the TACs. MR. WALKER: Oh, so we're just talking about 10 only the regional offices. 11 MR. LAWLER: The CCOs, primarily, as well as 12 the IRP registrations. 13 14 MR. WALKER: I guess we do no registration 15 renewals in any of the regional offices. MR. LAWLER: No, sir. 16 17 MR. WALKER: Okay. So we can get all of our fees down to whole dollars. 18 And I have one more question, Bill, on your 19 20 report back here -- I've probably got more than one. 21 says here that your recommendation was to change the 22 electronic lock numbers periodically, and I didn't know 23 exactly how long periodically was, but who has that number 24 on that combination and how do we safeguard if that person

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is not there, if we needed to get into the safe, how many

people is the recommendation to have the safe combination?

MR. LAWLER: Well, we leave that to the particular management to set the number, but you want it controlled. First of all, that was why the new safes were needed to allow the electronic changing of the passwords, but to have some kind of policy in that regard, either tied to having if one of the people that is involved in the cash handling or with the safe combination leaves, you have a turnover in management, then those kind of iterations would be situations that would automatically trigger a change in the combinations.

MR. WOOD: In VTR you have the policy to make the combination and the safe change, we just ask that they make it more specific to actually delineate those exact circumstances of when it would be appropriate to change the combination. So right now it's such a high level of just change it when it's appropriate, we wanted them to specify what is appropriate.

MR. WALKER: To identify a schedule of changes.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ WOOD: Exactly. That was what our recommendation was.

MR. ELLISTON: If I may, that may not be the same for each office. It's going to depend, you'll have broad policy, because or offices range from very small to very large, so we would handle that by policy. But that's

certainly something that we need to be able to do, and these older type safes, you can't do that without calling a locksmith out.

MR. BARNWELL: Let me ask you a question generally. Are you in the process of looking at doing this, are you studying this?

MR. ELLISTON: We actually have a purchase order for that, and the four offices that don't have safes, they're on order right now.

MR. BARNWELL: And so we're looking at credit cards, and that's being studied, and there are legal ramifications to a convenience fee, as we all know, and so you're looking at those things. Have you got a time frame, approximately, when it will be time to really bring that before the board so that we can consider it?

MS. FLORES: For the record, Linda Flores, chief financial officer.

We have actually started down the path of looking at both a convenience fee and a surcharge and all the legal implications. We're also looking at maybe limiting the credit cards we take.

MR. BARNWELL: I understand you're studying something. When are you going to have something to bring to us, whatever it is that you decide you want to study? I mean, being staff, you know what it is that needs to be

looked at, I guess.

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MS. FLORES: Yes, sir. We are looking to put a proposal in front of Executive Director Brewster probably this summer, so it may be sometime around September.

MR. BARNWELL: So perhaps we can implement this by the fourth quarter?

MS. FLORES: Yes, sir.

MR. BARNWELL: Okay.

MR. ELLISTON: Mr. Barnwell, if I may. Many of these things will be done well before that, and we'll be happy to bring a report back to the board. But we do have some statutory things that are going to occur, hopefully, on September 1 that will give us some other authorities, and so that would make it easier to implement.

MR. BARNWELL: My only point is that I'm here once a month, I'm looking at this stuff for six-eight hours, maybe less than that sometimes, to be honest about it, sometimes a little more. There's no way that I can have the familiarity and the detail that you do. It doesn't behoove me as a board member -- and I'm just speaking for myself here -- to get down into the weeds with you people. You're staff, we rely on staff to do these things. And I think, by the way, that we've got an outstanding staff here, and that's why I'm pretty comfortable with the way that you're going.

What I want to see or what I would like to know, personally, is what your direction is, what are your targets, what are you trying to accomplish, what are you investigating, generally. Go find it out and bring it and let the board make a decision at that point. That's the way I prefer to try to be a board member here. If I'm going to be on the staff, they're going to have to pay me a lot of money, and they're not willing to do it -- and I don't understand that, personally, I take that as a personal insult.

MR. WALKER: They can't afford you.

(General laughter.)

MR. BARNWELL: But I'm just simply saying that the way that I want to approach this thing is -- you people are professionals, you do it every day, all day long, I think you do a really fine job -- I'd like to have some information about your direction, about what you're doing, what you've identified as problems, how you're maybe approaching fixing those things, and let's have some reports as you move through the process of evaluating the different opportunities, problems and situations that we have so that I can be aware of it as we go. That's the way I want to approach it.

And we're talking about a lot of well, what if this and what if that, and we're talking about \$2 fees.

1 Hell, I'll pay the \$2 fees if we can move on. MR. WALKER: Get your billfold out. 2. MR. BARNWELL: Well, I'll write you a check. 3 4 (General laughter.) MR. BARNWELL: And so anyway, that's just what 5 I want to do, because there's an awful lot of work here to 6 7 be done and I can't afford to sit here and tell you how to do your business. I'm not above doing that once you come 8 back with a report I don't like or have questions about, 9 but generally, I think we can have a meeting of the minds 10 on these things is the way I look at it. 11 So I'll shut up now, and that's all I had to 12 say about that. 13 14 MS. BREWSTER: Mr. Chairman, if I might just address some of the things that Member Barnwell talked 15 16 about. 17 The first is that the agency really agrees with 18 the recommendations made by Internal Audit. I thought they did an excellent job of pointing out some of the 19 20 areas where we could certainly improve, and we have included the management's response in the audit plan which 21 22 lays out the dates by which we are intending to have these 23 items complete. Some of them area already completed, I

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Certainly in terms of credit cards, that's a

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would like to point out.

big deal to the agency. We believe that it will be a huge added customer service option and one that makes absolute sense. The agency is looking at what credit card options are out there, what the costs are. As you know, that's a large item to take on. We intend to be before the Finance and Audit Committee by July with some information, so you should have, Member Barnwell, direct reporting from the agency on that once we've fully researched the legalities of passing on the credit card fees, potentially, to the consumer.

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But again, we thought that it was an excellent audit report. Those items that we would need board approval for, we will certainly bring to this board for approval, we'll lay out our recommendations, and if the board agrees, we'll move forward with those. But certainly, there are things in the audit plan that we do not need board approval for, and we have already moved forward aggressively on those.

That's all I have.

MR. WALKER: Another question that was a concern to me when I read you report that the \$5 fee that is being collected that is no longer allowed on the forms because some of them are still using an old form.

MR. LAWLER: Yes, sir.

MR. WALKER: My concern there -- which I didn't

see that you addressed it -- it says that there's a cost associated with refunding. I didn't understand whether or not we are fully getting all of that money refunded, and the first thing that came to my mind when I read that was the Meyers lawsuit which was a huge concern to me because the agency in the past has charged where we should not have charged and we had a lawsuit that cost the State of Texas \$43 million, and I don't want to see us go down and travel that road again.

MR. LAWLER: My understanding -- and Trey can

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MR. LAWLER: My understanding -- and Trey can fill me in if I'm wrong -- is that we're turning around and mailing those checks right back to the individuals, that money is just being basically bounced back.

MR. WOOD: The costs we're talking about associated with are the manpower and the time that staff have to take to track those funds and make sure that we keep track of what we did receive and then actually go through and physically refund them.

MR. LAWLER: And then the return postage.

MR. BARNWELL: Are you refunding it, or are you simply returning the check?

MR. WOOD: That would be a better way to say it, yes, returning the check.

There's a form the Finance Division currently has --

MR. RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry, we could be here all day on this and I don't mean to, but I think you get the point.

MR. WOOD: And that was our whole reason for making this recommendation, there's a risk there, and so that's why we want to see if we can't get rid of it.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Well, I don't agree we can't get rid of it but I just wanted to make sure you understood the risk.

MR. WOOD: Right.

MR. WALKER: My question is -- I'm the biggest tightwad, probably, up here at this dais -- wouldn't it be prudent just to get rid of these old forms if it could create a huge problem down the road for us and let's just buy some new forms that don't have that fee attached to it?

MR. WOOD: We've issued updated forms. What happens is in some of the TAC offices they have like an old electronic copy of the form on file and they may just print it off as needed, and so then they print off a stack of those, someone comes in, picks up a form to submit it and they're using an old form.

MR. WALKER: But then we need to educate somebody at that regional level, and that's probably the biggest concern I see in this whole report that needs to

be addressed is we do not want to be charging people a fee that we're not entitled to be charging them, and we've been down this road and it's a huge problem. So that really needs to be sure we address that we do not charge this \$5 fee and just eliminate the problem, tell the people to get rid of all those forms and let's use the correct form so that we don't have that. That ought to be a directive, an important directive.

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MS. BREWSTER: I completely agree. When you have the number of offices that the agency has, coupled with the offices that we partner with to provide service, form control is an issue, and certainly one that we need to and will continue to pay close attention to.

MR. WALKER: Well, I read your report front to back and I've read all the reports that you've given, and I think you and your staff do an excellent job. I think our staff here has done an excellent job of responding to it. There's a recommendation, a response and an action item, what we've been doing, what we're going to do and what we need to do, and I just don't think you could have done a better job, personally, and I just want to commend you and your people. This is probably the best report I've ever seen come out of your division.

MR. LAWLER: Well, I would just like to give all the credit to my staff because I just get to head it

up, but the real work is Mr. Wood and Mr. Kress, who is here.

MR. WALKER: Take that back and tell them they did an excellent job on this report.

MR. INGRAM: I would second that it is a good job, and I've seen a lot of them, that's a good one.

MR. WALKER: Does anybody else have anything? Otherwise, we need to kind of move our schedule along.

(No response.)

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MR. WALKER: This requires no action. Thank you very much for your report.

At this time I'd like to take a short break and go into a closed session. It is now 10:53 a.m. on May 23, 2013. We will go into closed session under the following Texas Code Section 551.071 to obtain advice of legal counsel regarding agenda item number 7, to consult regarding pending and contemplated litigation or a settlement offer or a matter regarding the duty of an attorney for the governing body, legal issues raised in connection with the awarding of contracts, or any other item on this agenda, and Section 551.074 to discuss personnel matters.

For those of you who are in attendance, I anticipate being in this session for probably about I'd say thirty minutes to an hour, probably, depending on how

deep we get into some of these legal issues, and we will convene in an open session right after that. So I would anticipate that we will be back in here by between 11:30 and 12:00, probably.

2.

With that, we'll recess the public meeting. Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 10:53 a.m., the meeting was recessed, to reconvene this same day, Thursday, May 23, 2013, following conclusion of the executive session.)

MR. WALKER: It's approximately 1:10 in the p.m. The Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles is coming back into an open session. We will note that there were not items voted on or inappropriately discussed in the executive session. So we are now back in open meeting.

I guess I need to make a note that Barney Barnwell is not in attendance right now but he should be back shortly.

Let's go to item 5.B, Eric Obermier.

MR. OBERMIER: Chairman Walker, members of the board. For the record, my name is Eric Obermier, CIO.

The item that I've got to present today is just kind of a statement that IT is working closely with the Enterprise Project Management Office to determine what additional spend authority, if any, would be needed for

the three projects listed on the agenda, which are
Regional Office Communications Infrastructure,
Headquarters Communications, Application Migration and
Server Infrastructure. So we're going through scoping
some of the outstanding work to be done on those projects,
and the plan would be to meet with the Projects and
Operations Committee of the board, brief them on what we
would likely need in the month of June in preparation or
in anticipation of a formal request for additional spend
authority, if needed, at the July board meeting.

2.

MS. BREWSTER: So, Mr. Chairman, these three projects, this is a heads up, if you will, that these need to be re-scoped. These are three that we identified as not being properly scoped and budgeted for, and what Mr. Obermier is essentially saying is that once our work is complete, we will be coming before the Projects and Operations Committee to present those findings, and then with the anticipation that we would request additional spend authority in the July board meeting.

MR. WALKER: Okay.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: No action on our part right now. Is that right?

MR. WALKER: No action.

Let's go to item 6.C, the executive director reports.

MS. BREWSTER: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Included in your board binders are two documents that deal with the agency's performance measures. The first is the executive summary which is a rollup of the second document which is the key performance indicators scorecard. If you will recall, and for the benefit of our two new board members, the agency just recently started reporting out on its key performance indicators and we just started including that information for the board's review just within the last several months.

It is a process that is continuously being refined. At the last board meeting there was a request that the agency develop and include in the scorecard its baselines. You will see that that indeed has been included in the key performance indicators scorecard.

One thing that I would like to note is that some of these we had no baselines for and we have just recently started measuring them, so that became the baseline, but there are other things like within the Motor Vehicle Division where they've been measuring many of these items for years, and so you'll find those baselines. We did include what the basis of the baseline or how the baseline was developed in the status and remarks portion of the scorecard.

Just a couple of things to note for this month.

Our Oversize/Overweight permits that were eligible for self-issuance has increased to 72.7 percent which is significant for us in our drive to provide more self-issuance processes for customers. We've hid 72.7 percent, our ultimate goal is 80 percent, so we're within 10 percent of our target, so I thought that that was certainly noteworthy.

Another thing that I would like to mention is the agency has not reported out on customer satisfaction because we have not had an independent satisfaction survey vendor, and we anticipate entering into an interagency agreement before June 1, so that process will be underway very, very soon.

So those are the two items that I just mentioned. Are there any questions on that that board members have?

(No response.)

MS. BREWSTER: I am also pleased to mention that we have officially launched the new website and have gotten very positive feedback on that. The whole goal was that this would be a customer-driven business site that makes it easier for the consumer to get around and navigate, and we've gotten, by all accounts, and some from other DMVs in other states, very positive feedback on

that. So I do want to mention that.

2.

One thing about this that is really important to note is that this is a milestone in separation from TxDOT, and we now have control over our own website, which we did not before, we manage the content and so that's an exciting step in the right direction.

Any questions on that?

MR. WALKER: No. Looks good.

MS. BREWSTER: Quarterly financial reports. A new financial report has been compiled to provide an overview of revenue and expenditures to the board. This is a result of many discussions on what the board would like to see contained in that report. It's gone from twenty-seven pages to six, and this has been from input. This whittling down of the report has been in conjunction with discussions with Victor Vandergriff, Vice Chair Ryan, Rodriguez, I think everyone, pretty much, with the exception of our two newest board members who did have the opportunity to see it, so we've had a lot of input. So the agency will report out on this on a quarterly basis and so the next report that you will see is in July.

MR. WALKER: We anticipate no June board meeting. Correct?

MS. BREWSTER: That is correct, sir.

And then finally, I've included in your board

binders communication from Chairman Vandergriff to

Governor Perry and the director of the Legislative Budget

Board regarding the agency's reorganization, and this is
in accordance with Administrative Code that that
information was provided to those entities. I will note
that I've worked very closely Vice Chair Ryan, Member

Rodriguez, and Chairman Vandergriff on the development of
this reorganization. I also discussed this in the board
workshop in January with the board members then.

2.

The reorganization is the result of recommendations made in the Azimuth report, as well as things that I have seen in my time here that needed to be streamlined. And so just wanted to let you know that that is in your board binder. I am in the process of recruiting for the deputy executive director position, so this will officially kick off once that position is hired, this reorg.

So with that, I'm happy to answer any questions.

MR. WALKER: Questions?

MR. INGRAM: I have one comment that I thought the reorg looked really good.

MS. BREWSTER: Oh, thank you very much.

MR. WALKER: When do we anticipate a deputy director? Qualifications, obviously.

1	MS. BREWSTER: Right, qualifications, but we		
2	are in the process of scoring the applications now, and so		
3	I would anticipate, depending on whoever the selected		
4	person is and the commitments they currently have, I would		
5	hope within the next month to two months.		
6	MR. WALKER: And what are we going to do on a		
7	board support? Are we still going to fill that, or not?		
8	MS. BREWSTER: Yes, sir. That position has		
9	closed and the applications are being scored now.		
10	MR. WALKER: And who's doing the evaluation on		
11	that?		
12	MS. BREWSTER: I am doing the initial		
13	evaluation, and then once they have been scored, bringing		
14	in you, and I know Vice Chair Ryan has expressed an		
15	interest to sit in on those interviews.		
16	MR. WALKER: Good. Any other questions? If		
17	not, there is one other thing we need to talk about, the		
18	refactoring project that's going on out there, 5.C.		
19	Jonathan, if you could just kind of come give		
20	the board a brief, and not a long dissertation. We are		
21	running behind schedule and I don't want to rob you of any		
22	of your time, but we need to kind of get moving along, if		
23	we can.		
24	MR. TAYLOR: My name is Jonathan Taylor. I'm		

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the EPMO director of the Texas Department of Motor

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Vehicles.

2.

As you know, roughly fifty-six weeks ago we put out an RFP out for the refactoring. That is the lift and shift of the code for the Registration and Titling System.

We put out that RFP, it has been extensively reviewed, scored, and the respondents have been scored, and the organization is at a point where we need some board movement to decide what to do next as far as what we have the authority to do. And that's pretty much where we are.

We've kind of checked all our boxes off so far.

MR. WALKER: I'm sure we have a few questions, but you're looking for the board to give you some advice as to what direction to go based upon where you think you are with your negotiations in the contract.

MR. TAYLOR: That's right. So at this point -I was trying to be very brief; I might have been too
brief.

MR. WALKER: No, that's okay.

MR. TAYLOR: So after the review, receiving RFP responses, scoring different vendors, we've entered into a series of negotiations, what we need is the board's approval -- board's recommendation or approval, I don't know what the legal words are -- for the executive director to be able to negotiate or to enter into a contract at this time.

1 MR. WALKER: So we need to come up with some authority given to the executive director to enter into a 2 contract, if all the criteria has been met. 3 4 MR. TAYLOR: That's correct, sir. MR. BARNWELL: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to make a 5 6 motion. After hearing and considering the facts and recommendations of the staff, I move that the board vote 7 to authorize the executive director to negotiate and 8 execute a contract for the refactoring of the Registration 9 and Titling System. 10 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Second, Mr. Chairman. 11 MR. WALKER: We have a motion by Mr. Barnwell 12 and we have a second by Mr. Rodriguez, and do we have any 13 14 discussion? And the recommendation is to give the 15 executive director the ability to enter into a contract or the project with -- do you have the wording exactly on 16 17 that? So move that the board authorize the executive 18 director to negotiate and execute a contract for the 19 20 refactoring of the Registration and Titling System. 21 MR. SLOVACEK: And report back to us, I presume? 22 MR. WALKER: No. We wouldn't need to, but this

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gives her the authority to enter into a contract after

satisfactory negotiations have been finalized, I assume.

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1	MR. INGRAM: Do we need a monetary amount on
2	this?
3	MR. WALKER: No.
4	MR. TAYLOR: We would, of course, report to
5	you, as with all of the projects, during the next board
6	meeting.
7	MR. WALKER: So we're at a point now, we've
8	been working on this thing for two years and we're getting
9	close to a point where we think we're capable of moving
10	forward.
11	MR. TAYLOR: Yes, sir.
12	MS. BREWSTER: We are hopeful.
13	MR. RODRIGUEZ: If the contract is agreed upon
14	by the executive director within the authority she's got.
15	Right?
16	MR. WALKER: That's right. And wouldn't we
17	want do you want to put in there well, we can't
18	change the motion, I guess.
19	MR. INGRAM: You can amend the motion. What
20	were you going to say?
21	MR. SLOVACEK: We're going to be talking to the
22	executive director, I presume, as we go?
23	MR. WALKER: Yes.
24	MR. SLOVACEK: I'm perfectly okay with
25	authorizing her, giving her the authority to negotiate and

contract, keeping us informed. 1 MR. WALKER: Well, she has the ability through 2 the agency to negotiate. She does not have signing 3 4 authority right now for a contract of this size, unless we authorize that. 5 MR. SLOVACEK: This motion would do that. 6 MR. WALKER: We would give her authorization to 7 8 enter into a contract of the magnitude of what this has been posted at the public docket level to enter into 9 because she needs that authority from us to enter a 10 contract. So we're giving her that authority, provided 11 that -- but it doesn't say provided that -- all the 12 details have been worked out, I quess, that she negotiates 13 14 to the satisfaction of the agency. MR. INGRAM: Would it make the executive 15 director more comfortable to have an exact amount as far 16 17 as an agreement up to. 18 MR. WALKER: Well, we've already posted this 19 amount. MR. INGRAM: The amounts are different coming 20 back from the RFP. 21 22 It would be my preference to not MS. BREWSTER: have a definitive amount. At this point, we have not 23

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MR. INGRAM: Okay, I understand.

executed the contract yet.

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1	MR. WALKER: So we have a motion and a second		
2	and we've discussed. All in favor of this motion signify		
3	by right hand.		
4	(A show of hands.)		
5	MR. WALKER: All opposed same sign.		
6	(No response.)		
7	MR. WALKER: So motion passes unanimously by		
8	the board, so you have the authority to finalize that		
9	contract.		
10	MS. BREWSTER: To continue negotiations to a		
11	point that I feel comfortable.		
12	MR. BARNWELL: And then you're authorized to		
13	execute it.		
14	MS. BREWSTER: Yes. Thank you.		
15	MR. TAYLOR: Any other questions for me?		
16	MR. WALKER: No. Thank you very much,		
17	Jonathan.		
18	And I think that brings us to the end here.		
19	So if that's it, I will entertain a motion to adjourn		
20	today's meeting. It is now 1:28 on May 23, 2013.		
21	MR. RODRIGUEZ: So moved, Chairman.		
22	MR. WALKER: We have a motion to adjourn. I		
23	need a second.		
24	MR. BARNWELL: Second.		
25	MR. WALKER: We have a second from Mr.		

1	Barnwell.	
2		All in favor, signify by saying aye.
3		(A chorus of ayes.)
4		MR. WALKER: Thank you very much.
5		(Whereupon, at 1:28 p.m., the meeting was
6	concluded.)

<u>CERTIFICATE</u>

MEETING OF: DMV Board

LOCATION: Austin, Texas

DATE: May 23, 2013

I do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, numbers 1 through 94, inclusive, are the true, accurate, and complete transcript prepared from the verbal recording made by electronic recording by Nancy H. King before the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.

 /s/ Nancy H. King 05/31/2013 (Transcriber) (Date)

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