TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

BOARD MEETING

9:00 a.m.

Thursday, July 14, 2011

Room 1.B1
Building 150
200 East Riverside
Austin, Texas 78704

BOARD MEMBERS:

Victor Vandergriff, Chair Cheryl E. Johnson, Vice Chair Cliff Butler Blake Ingram Victor Rodriguez Marvin Rush (absent) Laura Ryan (absent) Johnny Walker

STAFF MEMBERS:

Ed Serna, Executive Director Brett Bray, General Counsel

I N D E X

AGENDA ITEM			PAGE
4.	RECOGNI	TION OF RAMSAY GILLMAN	187
6.	RESOLUTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL CONSIDERATION - RULES AND CONTESTED CASES		
	De Ch 10 d/ Sc Hc d/	onsideration of Franchise Proposal for ecision under Occupations Code apter 2301 0-0027 LIC - Bayway Auto Sales, Inc. b/a Bayway Volvo, Applicant v. onic Houston V, LP d/b/a Volvo of ouston and Sonic Momentum JVP, LP b/a Momentum Volvo, Protestants LJ recommends that protest be dismissed	202
	Pr	onsideration of Warranty Performance coposals for Decision Under Occupations ode Chapter 2301	
	1.	-	198
	2.		198
	3.		199
7.		EEE BRIEFINGS AND ACTION ITEMS oproval for Specialty Plate Designs	179
8.	ADJOURN	IMENT	242

PROCEEDINGS

2.4

MR. VANDERGRIFF: We are calling the meeting back to order. We stood in recess yesterday afternoon, we recessed at about 5:15 in the afternoon. And we are on agenda item number 7.A, which is approval of the specialty plate designs. Randy Elliston.

MR. ELLISTON: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members. My name is Randy Elliston. I'm the director of the Vehicle Titles and Registration Division.

approval of 26 specialty plate designs, each of which are included in your briefing book. These plate designs have been published on the department's website for public comment. Those comments are also included in your book. In addition, the plates have passed the legibility and reflectivity testing. We present those to you for your action this morning.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: I have a question for you. When we left yesterday's meeting we were talking about, obviously, the public opinion that came in off of the website. Did you get any further clarification or information with respect to some of the questions that the board members had yesterday?

MR. ELLISTON: Yes, sir, I believe so. The E-view process, when someone goes on our website to make

comment there's actually phases of that. The first is there's a check box whether they like it or they don't care for it. That's what the statistical information you have in your briefing book where it says I like or I don't like, that's what that's based on, those percentages. The numbers are just who checked the box I like or I don't care for it. There is a section on there if they want to make comment they can, they're not required to to complete it.

2.

2.4

The second part of that is I think the other question was can they comment multiple times, and the answer to that is yes, they can go on and they can comment as many times as they would like to. But when they do the check box, they have to get back out, they go back and they can do that.

We do have the ability to restrict that by URL if we chose to do so. I think the reason that it was not done in the past was you could have multiple people in the same household that use the same computer so you'd be restricting the potential for someone to make comment that way. But today it is not restricted that way.

And I believe I've covered the questions that were asked yesterday unless someone has any others.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Before I go forward I want to note also for the record we do have the board members that

were in attendance yesterday, Board Members Butler,
Ingram, Vice Chair Johnson, Board Member Walker, as well
as myself, but we've also been joined by Board Member
Victor Rodriguez, so we have six members of the board
present today.

2.

I think some of the concern expressed yesterday, the vice chair first pointed this out, we have 26 plates and only six of them actually received in the public opinion polling a greater than 50 percent approval, and so there's just some concern, again, that there was multiple voting that was maybe increasing the voting negatively, perhaps, on some of these plates.

MR. ELLISTON: And that potential is there. Someone could vote multiple times. Obviously, if you had a group of folks who said hey, we really want to push this plate, they could go in and run those numbers up as high as they wanted to.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: And we don't have any way of knowing at this point, the technology doesn't allow us to know if someone from a particular computer is sending in multiple votes.

MR. ELLISTON: That's correct.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Even though it's possible, we're not able to track or don't track.

MR. ELLISTON: We don't track that today, and

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

it is possible for us to further restrict that if we chose to do so, but as I pointed out, you could be restricting it on the negative side too where you would keep some folks from commenting.

2.

2.4

MS. JOHNSON: And I understand that. We have five computers in my house, we could vote five times, but no, we couldn't because it's coming from the same URL. But it would seem that we'd be getting a truer picture if it was limited, and if people feel passionately about something as a household, then they can go to different places and cast these votes if they so choose. But is there any cost involved in starting to gather that information or to analyze that, or is it just a matter of flipping a switch?

MR. ELLISTON: There would be not cost involved to us to limit that, it would just be a matter of staff making a few changes on it.

There was another question yesterday about what type of cost or work effort went into us producing this information for you. There is no dollar cost other than the man hours that goes into it, and we estimate there's about six work hours goes into putting together this information for you, collecting it and gathering it, compiling it and getting it ready for the board.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Mr. Chairman and board

members. Maybe I can suggest that the staff explore tracking and reporting on the number of responses that are coming from the same source. If we can track that and report on it before we make the decision to lock down, so we can see if that's a big enough issue or not. So we'll explore if we can do that and how we can do it. We'll add some columns to this report on the specialty plates that does that and the staff can make a more informed decision about whether to shut down multiple from a similar URL or something like that. So if you'll allow us to try that first.

2.

2.4

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman, before we go there, may I?

Previous to now these kinds of responses have had no weight-bearing on the decision, so it would be somewhat a correct assumption to not suspect any kind of monkeying around with this right now at this point, because it has had no weight up to now. Would that be a safe assumption?

MR. ELLISTON: What the board has done with the information, your consideration is whether you've considered that or not.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: What I'm saying to you is that if we took the stance today that in the future anyone not having a 50 percent or greater passage rate in terms of

public response that we won't approve it, at that point in time it adds value, and someone could be trying to toy with the system after that. But it isn't something up to now, and what I'm saying to you is that it seems to me there's no reason to suspect that that kind of stuff is going on.

2.

But nonetheless, I think if we're going to start doing that I think we have to -- and this is something I mentioned before, Mr. Chairman, I think we have to revise our process about how we get to the process of getting them here. It was suggested that we look at this to try to get a more clear picture so that we can decide, and I would suggest to you that if we're going to start adding that variable into this, then perhaps we ought to revise our process. And I've been a proponent of such for the reasons I've stated before, I just think we need to grab control of this.

I was making an observation earlier to a couple of our board members, I was driving around in the western part of the country yesterday and you know a California license plate when you see it, you see a Nevada plate and you know it when you see it, even an Illinois plate you know it when you see it. We're losing that in this process about Texas and its license plates. So just one more reason why I think we ought to put the brakes on this

stuff and reevaluate our process of how we get them here, my suggestion.

2.

2.4

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Well, a couple of comments in response to that. First, I understand, appreciate and agree with your discussion and would very much hope, as I know we've talked about before -- obviously the board as a whole makes decisions after presentations and information from the staff -- but I'd very much hope you'd take the lead in working with the staff to bring all these issues forward to the board and seeing it through.

The second is based on the discussion yesterday, and I know you weren't able to join us yesterday, I'm not sure that any of the board members, and I'm not trying to speak for them, were thinking of changing any way we've worked on this in the past in terms of using the public opinion polls, it was more that we wanted to be sure this accurately reflected true public opinion versus somebody potentially gaming the system by just plugging in multiple times. So I'm not suggesting we're going to do anything more or less with this information than we have in the past, but that was really the concern.

And if there is an ability potentially to at least monitor that and to see, as the executive director suggested, to look at these numbers, not necessarily these

but stuff going forward, then I think that's appropriate to do.

2.

MR. ELLISTON: And we'll do that and if we have the capability to collect that information off of this one, we'll do that, I'm not sure if we have that information, but in the next one that we would do we certainly could collect that information at that point.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: And one thing that I have some concern about, I share the concerns about the proliferation and the reflectivity, all of the issues that we have, but on these public opinion polls when you have one, and I think I used the example yesterday of the University of Arizona where 86 percent of the respondents say no, you don't know what that means, we don't know the significance, but the number of people, my gosh, if that's just individual people, you have almost 7,600 people that have weighed in. That's more than vote in a lot of city elections. So I don't know what it means and would just feel more comfortable if we had some better understanding of the voter issues there.

But anyway, Randy asked for the board's consideration of these plates, and he's pleased to continue to entertain questions or them or listen to the pleasure of the board.

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman, I make a motion we

approve these plates. 1 MR. VANDERGRIFF: We have a motion to approve. 2. 3 MS. JOHNSON: I'll second. MR. VANDERGRIFF: We have a motion to approve, 4 and a second by the vice chair. Do we have any further 5 6 discussion on it? 7 (No response.) 8 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Please raise your right hand in support of the motion. 9 (A show of hands.) 10 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Please raise your right hand 11 in opposition. 12 13 (A show of hands.) MR. VANDERGRIFF: The motion carries five to 14 one. 15 I would also like to note again to ask the 16 staff to bring back at a future board meeting, hopefully 17 sooner than later, some greater clarification on some of 18 the board's opportunities to weigh in on the standards of 19 20 review here, as the chief just pointed out. MR. SERNA: Yes, sir, we will. 21 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Now I get to come back to a 22 23 pleasurable part of the agenda for us, and again, I apologize for not having this agenda in front of me, but 24

it is item number 4 on your agenda, and it is a

25

recognition of Ramsay Gillman. Mr. Gillman was a board member here of this commission and probably the most stunning development in our time here was his untimely passing back last month.

2.

2.4

He was a valuable colleague of ours and a great personal friend, and frankly, he was a great personal friend to everyone, a legend and a giant in the automobile business and motor vehicle industry and in the State of Texas in general.

And we are honored today to have members of his family with us as we give special recognition to him.

Frankly, there's not, I don't think, anything that we could do to adequately capture his impact on the motor vehicle industry, but we certainly want to acknowledge him here, and very much appreciate them being here.

I'd like to, if I could, please, read a resolution from this board that is to you and to the family, and I'm going to read it in total for purposes of both the record and the public.

"Whereas, a full, over-the-top and incredible life came to an end with the passing of Ramsay Gillman on June 3, 2011 at the age of 67;

"And whereas, the native Houstonian and sixth generation Texan began his automotive career working in the parts department of his father's Pontiac dealership

located in downtown Houston, and after attending the General Motors Dealer Management Institute and other specialized schools in 1967, a 23-year-old Ramsay Gillman became and authorized automobile dealer;

2.

2.4

"And whereas, Ramsay Gillman served as president of the Houston Automobile Dealers Association, appointed in 1984 by then-governor Mark White, Ramsay served three years as vice chairman of the Texas Motor Vehicle Commission, Ramsay was the director of the National Automobile Dealers Association from 1989 through 1999 and he chaired various committees of this association from 1993 through 1999, and most recently Ramsay was serving as the chairman of the board of the Gillman Companies, a trustee for the National Automobile Dealers Association Charitable Foundation, and for the National Automobile Dealers Association Political Action Committee, and as an appointed board member by Governor Rick Perry to the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles;

"And whereas, Ramsay received the 1996 Sports
Illustrated All Star Dealer Award from the American
International Automobile Dealers Association for his life
commitment to the automobile business and charitable
organizations, and again in 1997 an official Texas House
of Representatives resolution passed on behalf of his
outstanding achievements over his years of philanthropy;

"And whereas, Ramsay Gillman supported the Fort Bend County Women's Center, the Ronald McDonald House, Houston Livestock Show & Rodeo Youth Scholarship Program, Sickle Cell Association and Muscular Dystrophy Association;

2.4

"And whereas, Ramsay was dedicated to his wife, Stevie, and to their children, Stacey, Jason and Christopher. Ramsay had an extraordinary ability to lead and influence change, he instilled honesty, integrity and customer service values in his children and prepared them to lead the Gillman Companies. Ramsay believed and lived the concept of work hard and play hard that included Ramsay's plans of adventure with his grandchildren, Grace, Frankie, Jace and Cavan;

"And whereas, Ramsay Gillman was not afraid to step into the foreseeable conflict, he was a mentor, guide and friend who displayed a contagious positive demeanor, he enriched us with his story-telling, displayed mastery on the golf course and hunted and fished with expertise;

"And whereas, work and leisure were Ramsay's excuses to meet people. We were grateful had those excuses throughout 67 yeas of a joyful life;

"Therefore, be it resolved that the Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles pays tribute to the life of Ramsay Gillman and extends sincerest to the members of his family, friends and the Gillman Company employees, and be it further resolved that the official copy of this resolution be prepared for his family and that when the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles adjourns this day, it do so in memory of Ramsay Gillman."

2.

We do have an unsigned copy, we have a few board members to get signed who are not present with us here today, and we also have a special plaque that we'd like to give you on behalf of the department and the board.

(Pause for presentation to Gillman family members.)

MR. VANDERGRIFF: And I'd like to ask my fellow board members, who I know all have great affection and admiration for Mr. Gillman and the Gillman family, if they want to come and greet you and appreciate you being here, and also if they'd like to back at their place say something about Ramsay. I think they all have their own different stories about him.

(Applause, and pause for other board members to greet Gillman family members.)

MR. BUTLER: I'd like to say that Ramsay was always a gentleman, and even when the other side he was talking to disagreed with him, he was always a gentleman, he stated his case eloquently and concisely, and I enjoyed

serving with him on this board and will miss him.

2.

MR. INGRAM: I'll add one thing, that I only got to be with your father one day, and he was one of those people that you instantly liked, that was full of joy, and he talked about every single one of you to me, and he really, really was very, very happy, and I really enjoyed sitting next to him for that one day.

MS. JOHNSON: And I'd like to say some people are legends in their own mind, Ramsay Gillman was a legend of our times. And I want to thank you. He loved you dearly, we always knew about the family, and he was a very humble individual and he didn't really have to be. I mean, he definitely did a lot of things, accomplished a lot in his life, and we're going to miss him and I know you are too. God bless you all.

MR. WALKER: Well, I was at your dad's wake and funeral and talked to all of you there, but in a very short period of time in the last year I got to know your dad and I never knew your dad before but I got to know him very well. Probably there's only one other person I know as well as I know your dad, and that's Cheryl. And the reason is because we traveled together, we always about half the time either flew in your dad's plane or drove in my pickup truck up here, and so we had lots of free time to talk. And one thing I always admired about your dad,

really two things, was that no matter what the story was, he always had a joke that related to it, and the other thing that I really, really liked about your dad was that he never, ever got on that plane or in my truck that he didn't talk about his family and how much he loved you all. And I really admired that in your dad.

2.

2.4

MR. RODRIGUEZ: On my behalf, I want to tell you publicly what I said to privately, and that is I had the honor and the pleasure of meeting your dad while getting on this board so I've known him for a very short period of time, but getting to know him that short period of time is like knowing him for a lifetime. And I go home to my family and I talk to my family about all the members, and there is one person whom I always talked about and I always did this with a smile, and my kids picked up on this, and that was Ramsay Gillman. We were blessed to have his company up here and we thank you for sharing your dad, not only with us but with the state and this country. So God bless you and we're really sorry about this loss. We will miss him dearly. Thank you for being with us today.

MS. GILLMAN WIMBISH: Thank you all very, very much. This is Jason Gillman, Chris Gillman and I'm Stacey Gillman Wimbish.

And my dad served on the Motor Vehicle

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

Commission back when I was in college and he would come visit me and stay with me at the University of Texas and loved serving on this board then and he loved serving on this board since its formation again. And he loved what he did, he loved the car business and he felt it was important to give back. And I feel like I know each and every one of you very well because he talked about each one of your characters and your values, and he really made it a point to want to get to know you individually, and he loved serving on this board, he loved serving Texas.

2.

2.4

So what you're doing here is really important, you're putting America on the road, and on behalf of my family and I, we thank you so much for this recognition. He would have loved every minute of it.

Thank you, Brett, for the phone call. You've been a long, long time friend and we appreciate that friendship always. Thank you all.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: And I would ask if Brett or the executive director or anybody on the staff that worked closely with Ramsay have anything they'd like to add?

MR. SERNA: I will very briefly. I only had the opportunity to know Mr. Gillman since my term on the board, but I will say on behalf of myself and the management team and the staff of the department that it was our absolutely pleasure to work with Mr. Gillman, to

gain from him the knowledge that he brought to the board and the advice that he gave us, and we're sorely going to miss his participation on the board. And we're really glad that you joined us and let us honor him and his family a little bit today. So thank you very much for joining us.

2.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: I would want to tell you what I think are the sentiments of the other two board members who are not here. I knew and worked with your dad for over 20 years, but Marvin Rush has known him since he was a boy, literally a boy, and of course, Marvin was in business selling Cokes and Coke machines at eight years old, so your dad was only a few years younger and was probably playing in a sandbox at that point in time. But Marvin just had the greatest respect for him and they were two longtime giants in the motor vehicle industry, and he wanted me to convey his regrets for not being able to be here and his respect for him as well, for your father and his family. And he had a personal relationship with your grandfather, Frank Gillman, as well.

And then Laura Ryan, Ramsay and Laura had really spearheaded the organizational assessment review of the agency that's ongoing now as we prepare to move forward, take the next step. And he was always, when you got him on the phone or in a meeting, always there, you

had his attention, but the conversations went quick, so he cut to the quick of whatever. These are things you know.

(General talking and laughter.)

2.

2.4

MR. VANDERGRIFF: So Laura, her greatest memory is being on the edge of her seat knowing she had to have prepared, like, okay, I've three to five minutes and we've got to get this out because Ramsay gets to the heart of it.

And then I know I spoke first and I guess I get to speak last, one of the privileges of being the chair, but Ramsay personified all that's good and the best in the Texas automobile dealers. He really set the bar and the example for dealers in Texas, not only as being a good dealer, a good family man, and as Chief Rodriguez pointed out, always talked about his family. He put you in a position in terms of the way he was always thinking about the future, that you're grieving but your companies move forward and solidly versus so many that don't.

But he thought about Texas, he thought about the dealers across the State of Texas, and so many in his position of size and stature in terms of the size of his company, they're involved in too many other things and just don't have time to do that. He always did.

And the last thing, and I know Stacey knows this, the audience maybe not or other board members, but

when this agency was first formed there were three or four key dealers in the industry that I talked to about the help for doing this, and Ramsay was solidly behind the idea, and so after that became a reality, I called him and I had this bright idea that I just admired his daughter and his family so much that perhaps he might think about asking Stacey to think about applying to be on this board.

And Ramsay told me, probably the longest

2.

2.4

And Ramsay told me, probably the longest conversation I had with him, he prefaced it by telling how much he admired and loved all of his children and admired and loved Stacey and she was great and all this kind of stuff, but then he got to the point -- and I knew because this was a little longer than normal in a conversation with Ramsay -- he said, But you know, Victor, I kind of think I want to apply for that job myself.

So by the end of the conversation I just said, Well, there you have it. And he said, There you have it. And we were done. So the next thing we know, he applied.

MS. GILLMAN WIMBISH: I got bumped.

(General laughter.)

MR. VANDERGRIFF: But again, we will sorely miss his leadership and his guidance. And thank you for honoring us with your presence today to come down.

(Applause.)

MR. VANDERGRIFF: I'm going to jump a little

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

1	out of the order again since we've jumped around, I'm
2	going to take up items under 6.E; we have three
3	resolutions for individual consideration under warranty
4	performance proposals. Mark.
5	MR. GLADNEY: Good morning. For the record,
6	Mark Gladney for staff.
7	With regard to the first case, Martinez v. GM,
8	staff wishes to pass this case for board consideration at
9	this time due to recent developments between the parties
10	involving settlement. Therefore, the order at present
11	that's in your briefing books is not appropriate for board
12	consideration given the new development. Staff would like
13	to re-present this item to the board at the next meeting.
14	MR. RODRIGUEZ: So moved, Mr. Chairman.
15	MR. VANDERGRIFF: When did you say, next week?
16	MR. GLADNEY: Next meeting.
17	MR. RODRIGUEZ: So is this proper to table or
18	to pass?
19	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Do we need to have a motion
20	from the board to pass it? I didn't think so.
21	MR. BRAY: It's the chair's prerogative.
22	MR. VANDERGRIFF: We'll pass it till next
23	meeting.
24	MR. GLADNEY: The next case for your
25	consideration is Jackson v. Ford. I would note for the

record that neither party is present today; however, Ms. 1 Jackson had sent an email late last night that she wishes 2. 3 to serve as her statement to the board. I believe that all of you have a copy of the same in your briefing books. 4 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Move we deny the requested 5 6 relief, Mr. Chairman. 7 MR. VANDERGRIFF: We don't have a second yet. 8 Do we have a second? MR. WALKER: I'll second it. 9 MR. VANDERGRIFF: We have a motion to deny and 10 a second. Do we have any discussion? 11 12 (No response.) 13 MR. VANDERGRIFF: All those in favor please raise your right hand for the motion. 14 (A show of hands.) 15 MR. VANDERGRIFF: All those opposed. 16 17 (No response.) MR. VANDERGRIFF: Motion carries six to zero. 18 MR. GLADNEY: And the last case for your 19 20 consideration, once again both parties are not present 21 today, Brown v. Toyota. In this particular case the complainant was seeking repair of a 2011 Avalon, 22 23 complainant alleged intermittent front end noise. was a SOAH hearing for 204 relief on February 15 of 2011. 2.4

During the hearing there was a road test in which no

25

abnormal noise was found. The PFD found insufficient 1 evidence of a continuing unrepaired defect, and the PFD 2. 3 recommended denial of 204 relief. Staff recommends and requests board approval of 4 the order as proposed in your packet denying 204 relief. 5 6 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Move we deny, Mr. Chairman. 7 MR. VANDERGRIFF: I have a motion to deny. we have a second? 8 MR. WALKER: I second. 9 MR. VANDERGRIFF: A motion and a second. 10 discussion? 11 MR. WALKER: I have a question. Who calls for 12 these requests for hearings before the board? 13 MR. GLADNEY: The Lemon Law section, after a 14 period of time in which staff tries to mediate and 15 possibly even settle these matters, once we get to the 16 17 point where it appears that that is not possible, the section drafts a notice of hearing and sends the 18 informational packet which would include the Lemon Law 19 20 complaint form from the complainant and any other pertinent data that was accompanied with that to SOAH, and 21 from there a hearing date is schedule for the parties. 22 23 MR. WALKER: So staff is requesting the 2.4 hearing, it's not the parties?

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

25

MR. GLADNEY: No, it's not staff requesting the

hearing. Staff is not a party in these instances. 1 MR. WALKER: So the complainant has asked us to 2. 3 review all this, and then they don't show up? MR. GLADNEY: Well, at SOAH the complainant did 4 5 show up. 6 MR. BRAY: May I help out a little bit? 7 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Yes, Brett. 8 MR. BRAY: I believe Member Walker is not talking about the hearing on the merits, he's asking about 9 how does it get on the agenda and to this board today. 10 MR. WALKER: How does it get to here that I 11 spent a lot of time reviewing, reading, studying, and then 12 13 nobody shows up? MR. BRAY: It gets here today because the board 14 has to take action in an open meeting to finalize this 15 case so that the case becomes -- as Member Johnson was 16 17 discussing yesterday, becomes final and disposed of. MR. GLADNEY: In 2301.204 matters, you are the 18 final order authority, so for due purposes and procedural 19 purposes it has to come before you. The parties have the 20 option as to whether or not they wish to show. 21 MR. WALKER: Mr. Chairman, I'm finished. 22 23 MR. BUTLER: I move we vote. 24 MR. VANDERGRIFF: All right. All those in

support of the motion, please raise your right hand.

25

1	(A show of hands.)
2	MR. VANDERGRIFF: All those opposed.
3	(No response.)
4	MR. VANDERGRIFF: The motion carries six-zero.
5	MR. GLADNEY: Thank you very much.
6	MR. VANDERGRIFF: This is the last item on our
7	published agenda, which is under 6.D, and it's the
8	consideration of a franchise proposal for decision. Molly
9	Cost, I believe you're here to introduce the case.
10	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman, may I ask a
11	question on this?
12	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Yes, please.
13	MR. RODRIGUEZ: I read this packet and I
14	believe I'm ready to make a decision and I don't believe
15	there's a requisite that any testimony be given today. So
16	I'm asking you to ask the question if we have enough
17	information already to make a decision, and if so, to
18	proceed to a decision. A member may say you know what, I
19	want to here this out, and that's okay.
20	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Well, you definitely have
21	enough information to where if you feel comfortable in
22	making a motion, then you can.
23	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Then I so move.
24	MR. VANDERGRIFF: The issue that we come up
25	with is from the standpoint of the parties. I think that

both of them do have counsel here that are prepared to 1 address the board, and failing to do so kind of prevents 2. 3 them that opportunity. MR. RODRIGUEZ: I understand. It's not a 4 requirement that they necessarily present information 5 6 today. Right? 7 MR. VANDERGRIFF: No, it is not. 8 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Then I move that the protest be dismissed, Mr. Chairman. 9 MR. VANDERGRIFF: So are you moving to approve 10 the proposed final decision from SOAH? 11 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, sir. 12 13 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Do we have a second for that motion? 14 (No response.) 15 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Then the motion would die for 16 17 lack of a second. So please proceed. 18 MS. COST: For the record, my name is Molly Cost, and I'm the director of the Motor Vehicle Division 19 20 here at the Department of Motor Vehicles. This case involves and application by Bayway 21 Auto Sales, Inc. d/b/a Bayway Volvo for the establishment 22 23 of a new dealership at 12333 Gulf Freeway in Houston, Harris County, Texas. Until March 2009, another Volvo 24

dealership had provided sales and service in the area

25

where Bayway proposes to locate its dealership. This prior dealership resigned its franchise and closed its dealership without selling to a new franchisee.

2.

Once Bayway's application was declared substantially complete, staff sent notice of eligibility to protest letters to all Volvo dealers in the statutory protest area and two Volvo dealers within Harris county timely protested Bayway's application: Sonic Houston V, LP d/b/a Volvo of Houston, and Sonic Momentum JVP, LP d/b/a Momentum Volvo.

The protests were referred to the State Office of Administrative Hearings for a multi-day hearing convened before a SOAH ALJ on September 7, 2010. The evidentiary record closed on December 22, 2010 and the ALJ issued his proposal for decision on February 17, 2011.

In the PFD the ALJ concluded that Bayway established good cause for establishing the dealership, finding most compelling the absence of a Volvo dealer in so large an area as the southeast quadrant of Houston, the long distances to the protestants' dealerships from the majority of the proposed dealer area, the apparent absence of significant efforts by the protestants to serve the area in the prior Volvo dealer's absence, the presence of uncaptured opportunity in Houston generally, and the minimal likely impact the proposed dealership would have

on the protestants.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

The issue presented for the board's consideration today is whether Bayway has shown good cause for its application to establish a Volvo dealership in Houston. In determining good cause, the board shall consider: whether the manufacturer or distributor of the same line make of new motor vehicles is being adequately represented as to sales and service, whether the protesting franchise dealer representing the same line make is in substantial compliance with its franchise to the extent that the franchise is not in conflict with Chapter 2301 of the Occupations Code, the desirability of a competitive marketplace, any harm to the protesting franchise dealer, the public interest, any harm to the applicant, and current and reasonably foreseeable projections of economic conditions, financial expectations and the market for new motor vehicles in the relevant market area.

As we've discussed at prior meetings, the law only allows an agency to vacate or modify findings of fact or conclusions of law proposed by a SOAH ALJ if that ALJ misapplied or misinterpreted applicable law, agency rules or prior agency decisions, relied on a prior agency decision that is incorrect or should be changed, or made a technical error in a finding of fact. If a change is made

the agency must state in writing the specific reason and legal basis for the change.

2.

2.4

Staff believes that the ALJ provided a very thorough recitation of the evidence and argument presented by the parties and his analysis but has suggested some alterations to the findings of fact and conclusions of law to correct minor technical errors and misapplications of applicable law that do not affect the ultimate outcome recommended by the ALJ which is dismissal of the protests.

Staff recommends the board adopt the ALJ's findings of fact and conclusions of law as modified in the attached proposed final order which is located in your board books at Tab 6.D and also in the supplemental book you received at the last board meeting.

The parties are represented by counsel who are here to present oral argument. Oral argument is, of course, at the board's discretion, and if you decide to grant it, we recommend 15 minutes for each side. And I'm available for any questions.

MR. WALKER: Well, I'm kind of with Victor over here on some of this because I spent a lot of time reading and reviewing and so forth. I didn't vote with him, and the reason I didn't vote with him to second his motion over there was because I want to know is -- these people have gone to some expense to come here, but I don't want

to sit over here and rehash everything that's in this book 1 by both sides because we already know what the issues are, 2. but I would like to make sure that we allow them, should 3 what you just said, if there's new facts, new evidence, or 4 something that was not found in this that we listen. 5 6 MR. BUTLER: You can't listen to that. MR. WALKER: Not new facts, but restate your 7 8 last, we're not looking at the facts, it's that there's

MR. BRAY: It's the criteria she mentioned for examining a SOAH proposal for decision, and the three are?

technical problems in there.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

MS. COST: Misapplication, misinterpretation of applicable law, rules or prior agency decisions, if the ALJ relied on a prior agency decision that's incorrect or should be changed, or made technical errors in finding of fact.

MR. WALKER: Without rehashing all the story again.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: That's right. And basically on the technical error side, the staff has looked at those and has a few recommendations in that regard.

MS. COST: Yes. We have looked at those and made ac couple of recommendations.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: So we're really kind of down to misapplication or misapplied law, as well as the prior

1	agency decision, perhaps, that they relied on.
2	MS. COST: Correct.
3	MR. INGRAM: I just want to concur with Mr.
4	Walker that we definitely want to maintain the testimony
5	down to just those relevant issues.
6	MR. WALKER: Right. I don't want to rehash the
7	whole issue about where everybody is located and all that,
8	we're aware of that.
9	MR. VANDERGRIFF: All right. Are we inclined
10	as a board that we did not approve Chief Rodriguez's
11	motion, so I'm asking you, we've got the parties here.
12	MR. WALKER: Yes.
13	MR. VANDERGRIFF: All right. I believe that
14	first up would be Bayway to present on this. I think
15	there was some question as to who would go first.
16	MR. BRAY: I think we would recommend the
17	protestant open and close, if they choose.
18	MR. VANDERGRIFF: I believe David Coffey is
19	here to represent them as well.
20	MR. COFFEY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
21	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Thank you, Mr. Coffey. It's
22	good to see you again.
23	MR. COFFEY: Good to see you, sir.
24	This is one of those cases where I feel like
25	the defense counsel in the Casey Anderson trial because

Mr. Wischnewsky, the applicant, is one of the nicer people that you're going to meet, and of course, we have lost already at the SOAH and we have obviously not convinced your staff that our position is the one to take, but we are here to represent our client which is Sonic Automotive, Inc. which is a multinational holding company for car dealerships.

2.

The two protestants in this case were Sonic Momentum and Volvo of Houston. Momentum was located more closely to the applicant than Houston Volvo was. The distances are larger than you will ordinarily see, but this case is not really so much about proximity as it is some of the other issues that you see on adequate representation.

Now, I understand that you guys only want to hear about misinterpretation and misapplication of the law and we think we have that in droves in this case.

Particularly, there was a case called the Landmark

Chevrolet case that came out in 2004. It was a unanimous MVD, your predecessor, MVD decision and t stands for one simple proposition -- and in fact, I think the lady who was the ALJ on that case is here, Ms. Leeanne Burnett, I believe it was -- it stands for one simple proposition and that is if you are going to propose a new point in a market area, you need to do a lost opportunity analysis

and you need to demonstrate that there is sufficient uncaptured opportunity in that market to support your dealership so that you don't have to cannibalize off the existing dealers.

2.

2.4

That was kind of a sea change in this agency's point of view on these types of at-point cases. The TMVC for many years and the MVD for many years, in my opinion, at least, had allowed a lot of applications to go through that perhaps were not warranted because they felt, like most of us do, that anybody should be given a chance to go into business unless there's something wrong with them. And there's certainly nothing wrong with the applicant in this case.

What there is wrong is the market, and the market will simply not support a fifth Volvo dealership. That is proven by the fact that one of the best dealers in the business, John Eagle, went out of business with his Volvo franchise, he couldn't make it work in southeast Houston, and now Volvo Cars of North America wants to move that point, a fifth point, 7.8 miles closer to my clients in the middle of the worst recession that this country has seen in 60 years and at a time when the distributor is incapable of providing sufficient product for my clients to make a sufficient return on their investment to be able to provide or to be competitive in the provision of luxury

services to the import customer.

2.

2.4

That's really what it comes down to: my clients want to be able to continue to compete in this very rarified arena where they have to compete against five Mercedes Benz dealers who average approximately 787 sales per year and four Lexus dealers who average approximately 1,551 sales per year. That kind of volume allows them to out-compete my clients in the provision of luxury services, and thus, we can't build the market for the Volvo automobile that we would like to be able to build.

So when you add to that environment a fifth dealer, even one as good as Mr. Wischnewsky is going to be, it just puts tremendous pressure on my clients, and that's the reason why they are here trying to oppose this application.

Getting back to the Landmark Chevrolet case, typically the way a manufacturer demonstrates lost opportunity in a market is they have studied the market for a period of years and they go out and they gather data and they run analyses in the market to try and determine whether or not the market is ready for another dealer. They have typically identified a benchmark that they think is the market share that they are entitled to in any market, and that is a concept that dealers have a lot of

problem with, but nevertheless, that's the way it's done.

2.

2.4

They identify a benchmark market share in a larger geography where they've actually achieved that and they say every geography inside this larger geography should be able to achieve that same market share, and if it doesn't, there's something wrong with it, either the dealers are not trying hard enough or they're not advertising enough or there aren't enough dealers. And quite often, that is the conclusion that the manufacturer comes to: there just aren't enough of our line make dealers in this market so we have to put another one in.

And of course, that disturbs everybody in the market who has invested millions of dollars in trying to build the market for that product and are not getting the product that they need from the manufacturer, and then the manufacturer comes and says let's put another dealer in the market.

Well, what happened in this case is the distributor, Volvo Cars of North America, did not intervene on behalf of the applicant, it did not produce a market study which is the typical situation, they simply said, Well, the market is being penetrated at our regional average rate -- which we took to be what they consider their benchmark market share, the regional average rate of -- penetration -- they said, The market is achieving

that but we don't enough convenience down here in the southeast quadrant of Houston. Well, the big thing in Landmark was what do we look at as the relevant market area, do we look at the metro as a whole or do we look at a small component of that metro and say we have to serve customers down here even though we are adequately representing this product in the market as a whole, by whatever you want to calculate it, whether it's a regional average or a state average or a national average or whatever.

2.

So what Landmark said was we are going to look at the metro -- and Landmark, by the way, was a Houston case, they were looking at Houston -- Landmark said we are going to look at the metro as a whole and determine whether or not there's adequate representation in that metro as a whole. If you have a problem in one small segment of the market, that's a dealer placement issue, you need to rearrange your dealers so that they're more evenly distributed and can serve the public better in the entire market. But don't come to this agency without a market study and say we have to have another dealer, a fifth one down here even though our dealers can only average 183 sales per year when they're up against a Lexus dealer averaging 1,551 and a Mercedes Benz dealer averaging 787. Don't come to this agency unless you can

prove that there is enough room in the market for your additional dealer. That did not happen in this case

2.

2.4

And another thing of significance on this is that Landmark specifically repudiated the Texas state average market share as the appropriate benchmark for the Houston metro market because it was too competitive or too stringent a benchmark for a metro to be able to achieve because it had a lot of single point markets in it.

At any rate, what happened in this case is that the applicant made no attempt to do a lost opportunity analysis in its direct case, it figured out in its reply briefs that it had to do one because of the Landmark case, and so it cobbled together some data basically from our case, cobbled together some registration data from our case, applied the Texas average to it, and said there's plenty of room in this market for a fifth Volvo dealer because the market as a whole is not achieving the Texas state average.

Well, that just sets Landmark on its head, as far as I'm concerned. There was no effort to do a lost opportunity analysis except on the fly with inadequate data at the end of the case, and they used the Texas average benchmark as their comparison benchmark on which to determine that there was inadequate representation in the market.

So that's the misapplication and 1 misinterpretation of applicable law. 2 3 There's one thing that I would like you to take a look at and that is tab 7. I don't know if you got our 4 notebooks or not, but tab 7 we brought before you and I 5 6 was going to go into some more detail but we only have limited time. 7 8 MR. INGRAM: Is that your notebooks down there, or what is that? 9 MR. COFFEY: This is the notebook that I'm 10 working from right here. We do have some notebooks. 11 Let's go ahead and hand them out if we have time to look 12 13 at these documents. These are actual exhibits in the 14 case, board members, and there's one in particular I would like you to see. 15 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Ms. Cost, have you see this? 16 MS. COST: No. 17 MR. COFFEY: We can provide her a copy. Do we 18 have an extra copy for Ms. Cost? 19 MR. BRAY: Just so we're clear, it's not 20 whether Ms. Cost has seen it or not, it's whether or not 21 it was admitted in the hearing. 22 23 MR. VANDERGRIFF: That was going to be my next question. 24

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

25

MR. COFFEY: This is all exhibits that were

admitted into the case, they were considered by the SOAH 1 ALJ, and I figured since you guys are over-viewing the 2. 3 SOAH ALJ's decision, you might want to be familiar with some of the actual exhibits that he reviewed. 4 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Has Ms. White seen this? 5 Ts 6 she in agreement with that? 7 MS. FREEMAN: It's Ms. Freeman. They are all 8 exhibits except for where they put a bullet point argument behind some tabs. Those were not exhibits, those were 9 10 just argument. Is that correct, Mr. Coffey? MR. COFFEY: That's correct. Most of those so-11 called arguments are actual testimony from the record and 12 contain a citation to the record. So there's nothing out 13 of the record in this case except whatever argument we're 14 making right now. 15 16 MR. VANDERGRIFF: Just one second, Mr. Coffey. 17 MS. FREEMAN: We did not always find in the articles that are talked of, we did not always agree with 18 protestants' citation to the record. 19 MR. VANDERGRIFF: So I'd ask the board at this 20 point, obviously the exhibits themselves can be considered 21 but the other information should not be that's written 22 23 here since we're not certain that that's actually part of

MS. FREEMAN: Some of it may be.

evidentiary record that we saw.

2.4

25

MR. VANDERGRIFF: I understand, but just making sure the board understands that.

Go ahead.

2.

2.4

MR. COFFEY: Okay. Well, most certainly tab number 7 is certainly part of the record. It was an exhibit actually created by the applicants themselves. And the reason that I bring this to your attention is that the SOAH ALJ reviewed all the evidence and then came to the startling conclusion that there is not an allocation problem in the city of Houston when all five of our witnesses from two dealerships testified there were, when VCNA's, that's Volvo Cars of North America's own witnesses testified that inventory is dire, it's a dire situation, it's scarce, that their region has the lowest day supply of any region in the United States, the SOAH ALJ, after all of this testimony, comes to the conclusion that there's not an allocation problem in Houston.

Well, there is an allocation problem in Houston and the evidence is overwhelming to that effect, and this is a really good example of it, the second page of exhibit 7 here where you can see that between February of 2009 and August of 2009 my client's day supply fell 95 percent.

That's when the allocation problem started. So you have a situation like this on the adequate representation issue.

All of the VCNA people admit that this market

is achieving all of their benchmarks, it's achieving all of their objectives. You've got all of my clients screaming for more product so that we can increase market share in the Houston market, they can't give it to us, and then they come in and say we're not adequately represented, we need another dealer. Well, how can you not be adequately represented when we are achieving your business model, all the objectives that you say need to be achieved, we're achieving those, we're clamoring for more product and we're not getting it. How can you possibly say that the answer to your perceived representation problem in Houston is lack of another dealer when it's obvious that you can't provide the product to allow us to achieve an even greater market penetration for your product.

2.

So that's really what it came down to. I don't want this board to think for a minute that my clients have anything against Mr. Wischnewsky, he's going to make a fine Volvo dealer, that's never been the issue in this case. The issue has been whether or not SOAH is going to follow this agency's prior precedent and whether or not the real problem in Houston is going to be corrected, and that is give us sufficient product, if you think we're not saturating the market sufficiently with your product, give us sufficient product and we'll do it.

And I'll be happy to answer any questions. 1 MR. VANDERGRIFF: You've used up, counting 2. 3 stopping for questions, you've used up about ten minutes of your time, a little more. Are you going to reserve? 4 MR. COFFEY: If I could reserve five, Mr. 5 6 Chairman, I would appreciate that. MR. VANDERGRIFF: Do members of the board have 7 8 any questions? I'll reserve mine for later. Thank you. Ms. White. 9 Thank you, Chairman. 10 MS. WHITE: Good morning. I am Susan White, and my 11 partner, Janet Freeman, and I have had the distinct 12 13 privilege and honor of representing Bayway Auto Sales who will be doing business as Bayway Volvo. Darryl 14 Wischnewsky is the 100 percent owner of that corporation, 15 and he's here today and I would like for you to meet him 16 and his wife. If they would stand up, please. 17 This is 18 Darryl Wischnewsky and his wife Linda. I am not going to rehash a bunch of argument 19 20 that you have seen in our briefing, but I did to just introduce them, they're here, they're concerned, they're 21 interested in the outcome of this case. They've put a lot 22 23 of effort, a lot of time and a lot of money in it.

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

of representing dealers all over the State of Texas.

2.4

25

And I have to tell you I've had the privilege

Darryl's biggest fan. He is a wonderful man, he will do and give back in the community. He has been in the car business since October of 1975, he has taken two Ford stores that were under-performing and turned them around, they were dealer development stores, but the biggest thing that I would have to say about Darryl is that whenever he has been blessed with having a successful business, he is a good steward of those blessings he has received. He has turned around and put that money back in the community.

2.

2.4

And one thing I don't know that you have seen and that is the number of things that he contributes to and donates time and money to. He and his wife both are very, very active in the community. They give their time --

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Ms. White, I don't think there's going to be any question that he's a great guy, and no question he's a well qualified dealer. I would be interested in your response to Mr. Coffey's arguments with respect to the application of the Landmark Chevrolet case.

MS. WHITE: Sure. Ms. Freeman will be the one responding to that. My purpose was to introduce Darryl Wischnewsky and his wife to you and what they do in the community. And obviously you don't have any questions about that, so I will then at this time turn it over to Ms. Freeman.

MS. FREEMAN: Good morning again. And this has been sort of interesting to prepare for because we didn't know if we were going to argue, we didn't know if we were going first, we didn't know if we were going last, we didn't know what you were going to hear about.

I think it is a shame in protestants' document that they filed entitled Protestants' Exceptions they did not follow Rule 215.53, they have not articulated with any particularity the error of law, what was wrong with any conclusion or finding of fact and how it should be corrected, so I think they've done the process a disservice, and I'm sorry that we are here taking your time this morning, although we appreciate you being here.

That having been said, I can address Landmark.

I also, if you are interested, can blow through some of the tabs very quickly in the notebook and address those too.

Before we go into Landmark, I just want to remind you that in the Grubbs case which was part of our briefing, it was before the court of appeals in Austin, Grubbs Nissan Mid Centuries, Ltd. v. Nissan North America. The Third Court found that Grubbs' reliance on a number of prior agency decisions was misplaced because those decisions were made regarding specific proposals at specific geographic points in specific markets at specific

times. The only similarity between Landmark and our case is that they both have to do with Houston.

2.

2.4

Landmark is almost ten years old so there's no similarities that can be drawn as far as the current and reasonably foreseeable economic conditions or the market for automobile sales in Houston now as it was then.

Another distinction is that in Landmark they did not show an inadequacy of representation which we have, and that's one point that I do want to come back to is the adequacy of representation issue because protestant has mixed, mingled and sort of muddled adequacy of representation and lost opportunity. They are not the same thing, they are different, and I want to clear that up.

The level of opportunity in the Houston market, our expert, Patrick Jankowski, is an economist local to Houston and there was a wealth of information about Houston being very vibrant. In fact, I'd submit to you that if you look in protestants' packet behind tab 2 they have national statistics. There were a number of tabs in Dr. Manuel, the protestants' expert's report that had national statistics. One of the big fights that we really didn't have was that we all agreed that the relevant market area before the ALJ was the Houston metro market or metropolitan statistical area. You may see MSA as metropolitan statistical area. And all this national data

that Dr. Manuel came up with was irrelevant, but it was offered apparently because they didn't have anything bad to say about the Houston economy.

2.

2.4

In fact, we'd submit that one of the reasons the inventory started to get low in the latter part of 2009 was because of the recovery in Houston because it recovered sooner than the rest of the country. It went into the recession later, the testimony was it came out sooner.

As far as level of opportunity, Dr. Manuel's own statistics showed that when he chose -- and this was his choice to measure the performance in the Houston Volvo market against the opportunity available for Volvo, that when Houston's performance for Volvo is measured against the Texas benchmark as he drew it, it was still never less than 300 units short. So Bayway could have sold 157 units in Houston in 2009 and still not used up all of the missed opportunity that was available in Houston.

The protesting dealer, Landmark, had low profitability. That is not the case here. Both of these dealers are exceeding their expectations or Sonic's expectations of their financial performance. With regard to momentum, Sonic's regional controller, Ms. Tony Strawn, testified that on scale of one to ten as far as financial strength, she would give the dealership a nine. And if

she would give this dealership just a nine instead of a ten, I want to own part of that dealership she'd give a ten to. She even said that worst case scenario, if you believed Dr. Manuel's harm analysis, that Momentum would lose \$547,000 which we believe is nowhere -- I mean, it's inflated and tweaked and twisted to get there, had to reach to get there. We believe that figure is totally inflated. But even if that were the case, she testified that that would not affect Momentum's ability to provide services to the luxury car consumer.

2.

The distance was different in Landmark. In Landmark they were talking about a dealership ten miles away. Here we're talking about dealerships where the drive time between Momentum and Bayway or the drive distance is almost 28 miles, and the drive distance between Bayway and Volvo of Houston is almost 37 miles, so there's a tremendous difference there.

There's a difference in the number of dealer areas in the Landmark case. Houston was divided into 23 AGSAS -- I don't recall what that acronym stands for, but essentially 23 different areas of responsibility, of which 17 were represented. In this situation we're talking about five, we're talking about an area that's without representation that is greater than the population of the District of Columbia and some states. And I can give you

more detail. There's over 1.3 million people, there's over 100,000 age and income qualified people in what would be proposed as the dealer area for Bayway.

2.

Another difference is the product. And Dr.

Manuel himself said that Chevrolet -- somewhere else in
the testimony when they were not talking about Landmark,
Dr. Manuel testified that Chevrolet was a mass market
brand. I think it was when we were having a conversation
about thru-put. Chevrolet is a mass market brand, it's a
domestic product, it is not a small volume import product
like Volvo is.

So those were all of the different criteria and all of the different factual items that they looked at in Landmark, and the only thing these cases have in common is they're both Houston. And so the judge was well within the authority of the Grubbs case to say he was going to look at specific proposals, specific geographic points, specific markets, specific times, and he did not commit an error of law in saying I find this totally factually distinguishable from the present case and I'm not going to follow Landmark.

Does that answer everybody's questions about Landmark? Would you like me to go through and address some of the protestants' tabs? Do you have anything that you have questions about?

And I do still want to address adequacy of 1 representation, but Vice Chair Johnson, please go ahead. 2 3 MS. JOHNSON: I'm not sure who to address this to, so I guess I would pose this question to both of you. 4 I'm looking at the map, and as I recall Volvo of Clear 5 6 Lake, I guess that's at the bottom, they're no longer in 7 existence. 8 MS. FREEMAN: Correct. MS. JOHNSON: So that quadrant of Houston is no 9 longer served with regard to a location of a dealership. 10 Is that not correct? Could you please identify what those 11 dealerships are for me? 12 13 MS. FREEMAN: Okay. This is the DeMontrond, 14 this is Star Motor Cars, who is actually the closest dealer to the proposed Bayway location but they did not 15 16 protest. MS. JOHNSON: And is that on 290 or is that on 17 10? 18 MS. FREEMAN: It's on Old Katy Freeway. 19 MS. JOHNSON: 20 Katy Freeway. Okay, got it. MS. FREEMAN: And this is Volvo of Houston 21 which is out here on the industry corridor, this is 22 Momentum Volvo which is on 59 just close to the Fort Bend 23 County line. 24

Okay.

MS. JOHNSON:

25

MS. FREEMAN: So if you draw a line down the middle of Houston, your next Volvo dealer at this point is in Lafayette.

2.

2.4

MS. JOHNSON: As an eagle flies, I guess is the area that is considered which allows everybody to protest this. Right?

MS. FREEMAN: The reason they were allowed to protest this is because they're within the same county. It was over the 15-mile mark for both dealerships.

MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.

MS. FREEMAN: And as far as adequacy of representation, lost opportunity is typically shown by the number of available registrations based against a benchmark. As I said, it was Dr. Manuel who chose the Texas benchmark. Something he didn't discuss at trial but which is hidden in his data -- and it's not hidden, I don't want to be totally unfair, but it's not something he really wanted to focus on -- was that if Houston had been performing at the Texas benchmark, it would have been selling at least 300 more Volvo units in 2009.

Now, adequacy of representation, the protestants did not offer their own expert's opinion, but Dr. Manuel defined adequacy of representation by the dealer network as being measured along several dimensions. Those include having an adequate number of dealership

facilities, reasonably sized and conveniently located, offering products in sufficient quantity and variety for consumer selection, offering products and services at competitive prices, promoting the products and services with sufficient advertising, achieving adequate levels of customer satisfaction, achieving a reasonable market share for the brand given local economic demographic and marketing conditions, and achieving an adequate level of dealership profitability to enable continued successful operation and a reasonable return on investment.

2.

So you'll forgive me for reading to you but I want to make sure that I stay within the record.

"Protestants have asserted that adequacy of representation in this case must be determined as to the Houston market as a whole rather than a discreet subsection of the market, such as the southeast quadrant of Houston. We agree with the broad principle but not the characterization of this southeast quadrant of Houston as the discreet subsection or smaller geography."

There are approximately 1.3 million people, roughly 22 percent of the metropolitan statistical area population of 5.9 million people in that area, and the Bayway primary service area, as our expert, Mr. Anderson, proposed it, would be like about a 25-minute drive time, and there were over 17 percent of the income qualified

households in Greater Houston within that area.

2.

But VCNA's representation challenges in the Houston metro extend beyond the southeast quadrant into other areas of the market. Star Motor Cars over here, the closest dealer -- is not a protestant -- they were only performing in 2009 at 7.42 percent of expected as against the Texas benchmark. Their performance was so bad that when Dr. Manuel said well, let me figure out what Bayway is going to do if their application is granted and they perform like an average dealer, Star Motor Cars performance was so bad he literally wrote them out of the equation when he made that calculation. So there's an inadequacy of representation issue there because Star wasn't penetrating its own dealer area.

Momentum Volvo, three of their witnesses, their general manager, Mr. Dugger, their controller, Ms. Stone, and their Volvo sales manager, Mr. Denny, made it quite clear that they didn't care what they sold, what their salespeople sold, as long as they sold something. So with the other three franchises they have, Land Rover, Jaguar and Porsche, they don't have a particular commitment to Volvo.

Momentum Volvo is one of only four retailers in the southern region, out of 102 southern region dealers, to be in VCNA's retailer improvement program for their

deficiencies in their service, CSI and their net market share. Net market share, as we're using that term now, is the measure of the degree to which the dealership is penetrating its own area of responsibility, and Momentum is missing opportunities within its own area of responsibility, according to Mr. Seidman, who is with VCNA.

2.

2.4

And I know you're probably going: Well, that's the manufacturer, they're never happy. This is for 2009, only 65 of the Momentum area registrations, there were 116 Volvo registrations, not Momentum sales, 116 Volvo registrations in Momentum's dealer area, only 65 of those were sold by Momentum, ranking them as 56 percent effective within their dealer area. They actually registered 287 sales within the Houston MSA so that only 22.6 of Momentum Volvo's MSA sales were within their dealer area, but Momentum made a total of 355 new Volvo sales in 2009.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Ms. Freeman, I'm going to make sure and give you a couple of minutes to wrap up.

MS. FREEMAN: Basically, as far as adequacy of representation, we see similar issues with Volvo of Houston. Volvo of Houston was also not penetrating its dealer area.

Another thing that goes into adequacy of representation is what face does the

dealership put on the brand in dealing with the customer, and Momentum Volvo actually pressures customers, they call it a mandatory service charge, but when you buy a new Volvo from Momentum Volvo, unless you vehemently object, they are going to sell you a \$497 coupon book with things like discounted oil changes. So that doesn't really, we feel, reflect well on Volvo.

2.

2.4

So these are the kinds of things that go into adequacy of representation, and it's throughout the metro. There was no testimony, no substantial testimony particular to DeMontrond, but there are adequacy of representation issues well beyond the southeast quadrant, and there is lost opportunity quantified by Dr. Manuel in the market.

MR. WALKER: Can I ask you one question just real quick and we'll finish up. Would you define dealer area to me?

MS. FREEMAN: Dealer area, different manufacturers use it in different ways, area of responsibility or primary service area.

MR. WALKER: In this particular case.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Area of primary responsibility.

MR. WALKER: So where is it in this particular case that you're citing it in your rebuttal here?

MR. VANDERGRIFF: They have the market as a 1 whole and then a section of the market. Go ahead. Sorry. 2. 3 MS. FREEMAN: Basically, the manufacturer says this is the Houston metro and so what we're going to do if 4 we've got five dealers is we're going to divide it up 5 6 among the five dealers. And I really am going to get to 7 the answer to your question, I'm just trying to give you a 8 little bit of background. And so if the Houston market is to sell a thousand cars, then we're going to assign a 9 responsibility to each one of those five areas for a 10 certain amount of that thousand cars. 11 MR. WALKER: Where is the 56 cars in the dealer 12 13 area to Momentum that you mentioned in your comments? MS. FREEMAN: I don't think that's the one. 14 The area of responsibility, each side's expert witness 15 drew a different area of responsibility. 16 MR. WALKER: So it's not a defined border. 17 MS. FREEMAN: Volvo currently has a defined 18 area of responsibility and a map. Let me find that for 19 20 you, just give me a minute. Each of the experts did a little bit different area of responsibility because they 21 might have done it by drive time or they might have done 22 23 it by closest dealer.

2.4

25

by the department here.

MR. WALKER: It's not something that's defined

1	MR. VANDERGRIFF: No. It's defined by the
2	manufacturer. As I'm understanding it, the experts all
3	varied it a bit, but the assigned area of responsibility
4	is by the manufacturer to their franchise dealer, so they
5	give them an assigned area of responsibility.
6	MS. FREEMAN: And Volvo calls it an AOR.
7	MR. WALKER: Do they change that as things
8	change? When Clear Lake Volvo went out of business and
9	you're using this defined area, did that change the area
10	of responsibility for Momentum?
11	MS. FREEMAN: Mr. Simon testified that Volvo
12	has not reconfigured any AORs yet because they were
13	planning on filling Volvo of Clear Lake's area of
14	responsibility.
15	MR. VANDERGRIFF: So they left it as an open.
16	MR. WALKER: So it is an open.
17	MS. FREEMAN: It's an open. I'm sorry. I
18	wasn't following your question.
19	MR. WALKER: That's answers my question.
20	MS. FREEMAN: Are there any other questions?
21	(No response.)
22	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Mr. Coffey, you've got five
23	minutes.
24	MR. COFFEY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

Lest you guys get the wrong impression that

25

there's something wrong with my clients, I want you to know that the testimony in this record is all of the Volvo witnesses raved about them, said they were good dealers with great attitudes and they were improving by leaps and bounds all the time and they were in substantial compliance with their franchise agreements. So don't be misled that there's anything wrong with my clients, they're a good dealer.

2.

2.4

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Just like I said about the previous dealer, I don't think that's an issue. Sonic is a national chain of great reputation, and Mr. Smith and all the people underneath him do great work.

MR. COFFEY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I'd like to bring the statistics home a little bit. It was pointed out to you that we used some national statistics on the declining nature of the car industry over the last four or five years, and yes, that's true, but it's also true in Houston.

If you will look at tab 4 of the notebook that we provided you, you will see the import competitive luxury registrations in the Greater Houston area and the Volvo registrations in the Greater Houston area over the last four or five years. The left side of the page are the luxury import registrations. You can see that between 2007 and 2010 they declined 26.04 percent. Now, that's

the product segment in which my client's dealerships compete, down 26 percent.

2.

Over here on the right side of the page, the Volvo registrations which is the actual product that we're talking about, between '07 and 2010 down 43.31 percent in the Greater Houston area. That means 43 percent less people are buying Volvos in 2010 than they did in 2007, and this is the environment that they want to put another Volvo dealer in. It's not time for another Volvo dealer. Let my clients recuperate from the recession, please before you stick hyper competition in their market area.

Now, I want to talk about the Landmark case because in my opinion this is probably the most important case, ast least for an at point case, that ever came out of this agency. It's the best articulated, it is the most carefully thought out and studied of any that I've ever seen. Usually it's just slam dunk, applicant wins because that's the way it is, but Ms. Burnett actually really studied what was going on.

She saw that General Motors was basically trying to sneak one past the agency by coming up with a benchmark market share that wasn't justified and that nobody thought was justified except General Motors, and trying to apply it to the Houston market and trying to take inadequacy of representation in a small segment of

the market and translate that into the entire market which is what she said we cannot allow this to happen anymore.

And so she put a stop to it in the Landmark case.

2.

And all of the points that she made in her PFD are extracted and put on paper in tab 10 of your notebook. And the stuff I've already told you, the Texas market share was rejected for the Houston metro market, the relevant market area was the larger Houston market as opposed to any discreet segment of it, like the southeast quarter. That's really not at issue, it's representation in the whole.

And if I could approach that map for just a minute, I want to kind of show you what's going on here.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: You've got two minutes.

MR. COFFEY: Okay. You can see a very odd dispersal pattern of dealerships in this market. We've got Star Motor Cars and Volvo of Houston sharing the same AOR. And in answer to Mr. Walker's question about AORs, what that is it's an area of responsibility defined either by census tracts or zip codes, and what the manufacturer tries to do is identify those geographies that are closest to you and should be subject to your dealership's reach.

At any rate, you've got these two sharing the same AOR, DeMontrond is okay, Momentum is okay down here, and basically what you need is one of these two to move

down there to take care of the southeast quadrant. Well, have you ever tried to get a dealership to move? It's probably impossible. But that's their problem, it's a dealer placement issue. It's not an inadequacy of representation in the market as a whole issue.

2.

2.4

And that's all we've been saying, trying to tell the SOAH ALJ, please understand what the board has been trying to do over the last ten years in making some sense out of how handle these at point cases, and that is you look at the market as a whole, are they achieving their benchmarks, are they achieving their objectives. If they are they don't need another dealer, even though they could provide a little more convenience to that discreet segment of the market. You could look at any part of the market and say hey, let's stick another dealer in there, we'll get a few more registrations, we'll create a little more convenience and maybe boost our CSI in the market a little bit.

But that is not good for the market as a whole because it takes business away from those who have invested in the market and how are making their living there and they should be considered as well as the applicant who comes along and wants to interject himself into that market.

So all we were telling the SOAH ALJ is do what

the board has done in the past, please be respectful of their decisions and apply it to this case, and the ALJ just did not do that. He jumped at any opportunity. He knew he had to find lost opportunity in the market, so he jumped at any opportunity to find it by applying the wrong benchmark to the wrong data and coming up with some idiotic conclusion that there's lost opportunity in the Houston market. Heck, you've got so many dealerships in Houston. That's my point.

2.

MR. VANDERGRIFF: Thank you, Mr. Coffey.

MR. COFFEY: Thank you, sir.

MS. FREEMAN: May I respond?

MR. WALKER: No. Let me respond first. You just said when you went up to this map that the problem is not the number of dealerships but the placement of the dealerships and getting one of these dealers to move is impossible.

MR. COFFEY: That's true.

MR. WALKER: So you're telling me by saying that that the consumer should suffer the consequences of dealers not wanting to move their dealership to service the rest of the people in the city of Houston?

MR. COFFEY: I'm telling you that there is adequate representation in the market.

MR. WALKER: Well, you represent a dealer. Why

1	don't you move your dealership down here?
2	MR. COFFEY: I represent a lot of dealers.
3	MR. WALKER: Why don't they move one of these
4	dealerships?
5	MR. COFFEY: Maybe they could get one of them
6	to move, it hasn't been tried. They're trying instead to
7	bring another dealer into the market. Why don't they at
8	least try what you're suggesting first, get somebody to
9	move?
10	MR. WALKER: Well, it would have been one of
11	your clients' opportunity to make that request.
12	MR. VANDERGRIFF: The only major issue here is
13	that's not our purview to make those decisions. Our role
14	is pretty clear and fairly limited.
15	MS. JOHNSON: But I have to agree with Mr.
16	Walker, they're making the argument that these guys, it's
17	difficult to move or impossible to move, and I don't
18	understand that. They've had since 2009 to move into that
19	area and they didn't. Did they apply to move? That's my
20	only question.
21	MR. VANDERGRIFF: I appreciate these questions.
22	If we were hearing this case as a new case, then it might
23	be a different question for us, but it's not.
24	MR. INGRAM: Mr. Chairman.
25	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Yes.

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

MR. INGRAM: The protestants' reliance on the 1 misapplication of the Landmark case is one of the primary 2 3 points. Correct? MR. VANDERGRIFF: Yes. That is the primary 4 5 point. 6 MR. INGRAM: And I personally have a hard time 7 seeing how those two things, reliance upon that works in 8 this case. So Chief Rodriguez. MR. WALKER: One of you go. 9 MR. RODRIGUEZ: I think we want to. Mr. 10 Chairman, if the opportunity presents itself now, I would 11 renew my motion, and that is to go with the ALJ's 12 recommendation that the protest be dismissed and modified 13 as in the proposed final order, sir. 14 MR. INGRAM: And I'll second that. 15 MR. VANDERGRIFF: We have a motion and a second 16 17 to approve the ALJ's preliminary final decision with the 18 modifications requested by staff. Do we have any further discussion by the board? 19 20 (No response.) MR. VANDERGRIFF: I will call for your vote, 21 please. A vote in favor is to approve the PDF from the 22 23 ALJ as corrected by staff on technical errors. All those in favor please raise your right hand. 2.4

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

(A show of hands.)

25

1	MR. VANDERGRIFF: All those opposed.
2	(No response.)
3	MR. VANDERGRIFF: Thank you very much.
4	MR. BRAY: Excuse me. Can you go ahead and
5	report the vote?
6	MR. VANDERGRIFF: I apologize. The vote
7	carried unanimously, six to zero of all the members
8	present.
9	Appreciate the parties being here.
10	With that, we have come to the end of our
11	agenda. We don't really have any need for an executive
12	session, so is there any board member who wishes to bring
13	any other matter up today?
14	And I'll also ask if there's any member of the
15	public. I didn't ask this earlier, we had this yesterday
16	but it is a new day. I don't see any cards for that.
17	I would be pleased to entertain a motion to
18	adjourn.
19	MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman, I make a motion we
20	adjourn this meeting.
21	MS. JOHNSON: Second.
22	MR. VANDERGRIFF: A motion from Director
23	Butler, second from Vice Chair Johnson. Please raise your
24	right hand in support of the motion.
25	(A show of hands.)

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

1	MR. VANDERGRIFF: The motion carries
2	unanimously. We are adjourned.
3	(Whereupon, at 10:30 a.m., the meeting was
4	concluded.)

$\texttt{C} \; \texttt{E} \; \texttt{R} \; \texttt{T} \; \texttt{I} \; \texttt{F} \; \texttt{I} \; \texttt{C} \; \texttt{A} \; \texttt{T} \; \texttt{E}$

MEETING OF: Texas DMV Board

LOCATION: Austin, Texas

DATE: July 14, 2011

I do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, numbers 177 through 243, inclusive, are the true, accurate, and complete transcript prepared from the verbal recording made by electronic recording by Penny Bynum

before the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.

07/22/2011

(Transcriber)

(Date)

On the Record Reporting 3307 Northland, Suite 315 Austin, Texas 78731